

SDS No.: 20028006
Revision: January 5, 2023
Date Created: November 8, 2019

#### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: AlumiWash Ready To Use (Silver Brite Plus MX)

General Use: Metal Cleaning

Product Description: Green Liquid with Citrus Odor

MANUFACTURER EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER:

Dakota Ag Innovations, LLC (800)-424-9300 CHEMTREC USA & CANADA 40690 253rd Street +1(703)-741-5970 CHEMTREC INTERNATIONAL

Mitchell, South Dakota 57301

#### 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

**GHS CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCE** 

# **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Not Rated Under GHS

# Flammable Liquid Aspiration Toxicity Skin Corrosion/Irritation Eye Corrosion/Irritation Carcinogenicity Specific Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure Specific Organ Toxicity Single Exposure Reproductive Toxicity Acute Toxicity Germ Cell mutagenicity

Not Rated Under GHS	
Category 2	
Category 2	
Not Rated Under GHS	

Hazard Category - means the division of criteria within each hazard class, e.g. acute toxicity includes five hazard categories and flammable liquids include four hazard categories. These categories compare hazard severity within a hazard class. "GHS Classification of Substance" means the material hazard class under that particular category and should not be taken as a comparison of hazard categories more generally. Degree of severity under GHS is "1" being the most severe and sequential numbers indicating correspondingly less severity. "Not Classified Under GHS" does not have characteristics that fall into any of the categories for that hazard class.

**Corrosive to Metals** 

Hazardous to the aquatic environmen

<sup>\*</sup>Tested in accordance with ASTM G31-72 and Section 37 of UNEC Guidelines and identified as non-corrosive for both aluminum and steel.

# **GHS LABEL ELEMENTS**



# skin, eye

#### WARNING

# **Hazard Statements**

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

#### **Precautionary Statements**

#### General:

P101-If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103-Read label before use.

#### Prevention:

P234 - Keep only in original packaging

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

P260 - Do not breathe mists

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves resistant to mineral acids. Wear eye protection with side shields.

#### Response:

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel P302+P361+P354 - IF ON SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing immediately rinse with water for several minutes.

P305+P354+P338 - IF IN EYES: Immediately rinse with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P337+ P317 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical help.

# Storage/Disposal:

P406 - Store in a corrosion resistant container, not metal, that is resistant to corrosion by strong mineral acids.

P403+235+404-Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store in closed container.

P501-Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/federal regulations.

# **UN GHS**

This product is hazardous based on potential for eye and skin irritation

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	<u>wt%</u>	CAS Registry #
Sulfuric Acid	<1.2	7664-93-9
Phosphoric Acid	<0.8	7664-38-2
Ethoxylated Alcohol	<0.2	66455-15-0
Proprietary	<0.3	68139-30-0 5989-27-5 67784-80-9
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	<0.1	111-76-2
balance is water		

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **INHALATION:**

Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a comfortable position. Get medical attention if symptoms persist after moving to fresh air. Give oxygen if available, symptoms persist, and medical attention is not immediate.

#### **EYE CONTACT:**

Remove contact lens (if present). Rinse eyes immediately with plenty of clean water for at least 15 minutes. If necessary, gently hold the eyelid open during the flush. Seek medical attention following initial eye washing. Product is acidic and irreversible eye damage can occur if material is not successfully removed from the eyes.

#### **SKIN CONTACT:**

Immediately wash skin with mild soap solution to remove material from skin. Remove affected clothing and launder prior to re-use. If skin damage occurs other than redness, seek medical attention and provide this SDS to attending medical personnel.

#### INGESTION:

Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure based on use. If ingestion occurs, seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting or give anything but water by mouth without being directed to do so by POISON CONTROL or attending medical personne

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Limits: Not Determined
Autoignition Temperature: Not Determined

# **GENERAL HAZARD:**

Product is water based and not expected to contribute fuel to a fire. Product is acidic and can cause structural corrosion if released to the environment during a fire.

# FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS:

Suitable extinguishing media include: carbon dioxide or dry chemical or other media suitable for hydrocarbon fires. Unsuitable extinguishing media include: water spray. However, if water is used, fog nozzles are preferrable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

# FIRE FIGHTING EQUIPMENT:

In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH-approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. For small outdoor fires which mare easily extinguished with a portable fire extinguisher, use of any SCBA may not be necessary.

## **FURTHER INFORMATION:**

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to combustion products which might be more irritating. Residue remaining following a fire needs to be evaluated for disposal options.

#### **HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:**

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sulfates and phosphates depending on heat of the fire.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### **LAND SPILL RESPONSE:**

Absorb small spills with inert material such as sand or earth. Containerize waste material. Dike large spills to contain the area of the spill. Use clean up procedures that minimize contamination to earth or water bodies. This product is only slightly corrosive to metals and may cause some damage to metal surfaces it comes in contact with. An outdoor spill will contribute acid to the soils that will be neutralized by basic materials like limestone, etc. Residue is expected to contain sulfates and phosphates which will impact vegetation.

#### **WATER SPILL:**

Product will immediately mix with water and contribute acidity to the water body. Small spills are expected to be neutralized by alkaline materials. Larger spills may result in death to aquatic organisms by lowering of water body pH.

#### **RECOMMENDED DISPOSAL:**

Disposal options may be dictated by other materials mixed with this material. Dispose of in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations using methods which consider recycling/reclamation. Product has an acidic pH and should be neutralized prior to sewering.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Ambient STORAGE PRESSURE: Atmospheric

#### **GENERAL:**

Store away from organics and strong oxidizers and alkaline materials. Store in original container and do not transfer to any metal containers. Storage for prolonged periods may result in degradation of container with possible leaking. Verify integrity of container if stored for extended periods beyond the manufacturer's recommendations.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

OSHA HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS (29 CFR 1910.1200 and other agencies)

		EXPOSURE LIMITS 8 hrs TWA (ppm)			
Component	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	NIOSH REL	AIHA WEEL	<u>Other</u>
Sulfuric Acid	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
Phosphoric Acid	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
D-Limonene	None Established	None Established	None Established		28 mg/m³ DFG MAK
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	240 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	97 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide eyewash stations and safety showers in locations available to material users if routinely using the product. Provide hand washing facilities for routine use by personnel using the material.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Splash goggles and skin protection should be worn when pouring this material to avoid contact with the liquid. Hand protection is recommended when there is possible direct contact with the liquid. Glove choice should be

appropriate for working with acidic chemicals. Nitrile is generally a good glove choice to protect against a variety of chemicals. Product has low volatility. Respiratory protection may be required if using the product as a spray or a mist in concentrated form.

#### **EXPOSURE EVALUATION:**

Exposures depend on activities being performed and the ventilation in the area. Components in the product have low volatility.

Personal exposure monitoring can be performed by the employer to determine his/her employee exposures to the product during routine use at the facility. It is beyond the responsibility of the product supplier to estimate/determine airborne exposure in a user's facility.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Vapor Pressure:Not DeterminedVapor Density:Heavier than airSpecific Gravity:>1.0Evaporation Rate:Not DeterminedSolubility in Water:SolubleFreezing Point:Not Determined

Odor: Citrus

pH: <2 Appearance: Green</p>
Boiling Point: Not Determined Physical State: Liquid

Viscosity:Not DeterminedFlammable Range:Not DeterminedFlash Point:Not ApplicableVOC content:Not Determined

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### **GENERAL:**

No dangerous reactions known under normal use conditions.

# **INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS AND CONDITIONS TO AVOID:**

Incompatible with metals, strong oxidizers, some organics and strong bases

# **HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION:**

None on storage. In contact with incompatible materials, may release phosphorus and sulfur containing gases.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **TOXICITY TO ANIMALS:**

Component	Acute Test	<u>Value</u>	<u>Species</u>
Sulfuric Acid	LD50 oral	2140 mg/kg	rat
Sulfuric Acid	LC50 inhalation	103 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 hr	rat
Phosphoric Acid	LD50 oral	2600 mg/kg	rat
Phosphoric Acid	LC50 inhalation	>850 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1 hr	rat
Ethylene glycol butyl ether	LD50 oral	880 mg/kg	rat
Ethylene glycol butyl ether	LD50 dermal	1060 mg/kg	rabbit

Sulfuric acid is a suspected human carcinogen in category IARC group 1. Several cohort and case-control studies of occupational exposure to sulfuric acid mists suggest a positive relationship between exposure and the risk of laryngeal or lung cancer. Based on these studies, IARC concluded that there is a sufficient evidence that occupational exposure to strong-inorganic-acid mists containing sulfuric acid is carcinogenic to humans. ECHA profile does not label it as

carcinogenic. Exposures elicited these results were in pickling operations where personnel were chronically expose acid mist. This product is not expected to be used in a manner to produce respirable mists and sulfuric acid content is low.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether: Human exposure to concentrations of over 200 ppm/970 mg/man be expected to cause narcosis, damage to the kidney and liver. Butoxyethanol is a minor component of this product and concentrations will not reach this level under use conditions.

#### **ROUTES OF ENTRY:**

Normal use routes of entry include skin and eyes.

#### **CHRONIC EFFECTS ON HUMANS:**

# Eyes:

Mineral acid content can cause irreversible damage to the eye if not immediately washed out.

#### Skin:

Chronic skin exposure may cause contact dermatitis.

#### Ingestion:

Not a likely route of exposure.

#### Inhalation:

Inhalation as a mist can cause irritation and corrosion to the respiratory system.

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

<u>Species</u>	Test Information	Concentration	Component
Oncorhynchus mykiss	static test LC50 - 96 hr	1,474 mg/l	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether
Daphnia	EC50 immob - 48 hr	1550 mg/l	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether
Algae	EC50 growth inhib - 72 hr	1840 mg/l	ethylene glycol monobutyl ether
Algae	NOEC EC50	>100 mg/l	Phosphoric Acid
Brachydanio rerio	LC50 - 96 hr static	>500 mg/l	Sulfuric Acid
Water flea	EC50- 24 hr	20 mg/l	Sulfuric Acid
Algae	EC50 - 72 hr	1.8 mg/l	Fatty acids, C12-18, Me esters, sulfonated, sodium salts
Daphnia	EC50 - 48 hr	6.25 mg/l	Fatty acids, C12-18, Me esters, sulfonated, sodium salts
Fish	LC50 - 96 hr	4.7 mg/l	Fatty acids, C12-18, Me esters, sulfonated, sodium salts

Releasing to a water body may release phosphates which will grow algae. Acidity of the product will impact water pH if a large quantity is spilled. Readily biodegradable. The surfactant concentration is low and not expected to impact a water body inspite of high aquatic toxicity of those components.

#### PRODUCTS OF BIODEGRADATION:

Components readily biodegrade and products of biodegradation are less toxic than the chemicals, themselves. There is less than 1% phosphoric acid in the product and this can contribute to the phosphate load in a water body if a substantial quantity is spilled into a water body.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Dispose of any waste in compliance with local, state, and federal regulations. Determine EPA RCRA waste categorization at the time of disposal as mixing with other materials may change its categorization. Containers may contain residue that needs to be addressed at time of disposal. Recycling containers needs to address any remaining residues.

# 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The following proper shipping name, hazard class and packing group are in accordance to 49 CFR Department of Transportation (U.S. DOT) regulatory requirements from 172.101 Hazardous Materials Table

49 CFR Shipping Information	DAKOTA SOLUTIONS SILVER BRITE PLUS FOAM MX
Symbols	"G" - identifies proper shipping names for which one or more technical names of the hazardous material must be entered in parantheses, in association with the basic description. See 172.203(k)
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name	NA NA
Hazard Class	NA
Packing Group	NA
Label Codes	NA
Special Provisions (172.102)	NA
Packaging - Exceptions	NA
Packaging - Nonbulk	NA
Packaging - bulk	NA
Quantity Limitations - Passenger aircraft/rail	NA
Quantity Limitations - Cargo aircraft only	NA
Vessel stowage - Location	NA
Vessel stowage - Other	NA

# INTERNATIONAL AIR TRADE ASSOCIATION (IATA)

IATA 58th Edition Information	DAKOTA SOLUTIONS SILVER BRITE PLUS FOAM MX
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name Description	NA
Class or Division	NA
Hazard Label(s)	NA
Packing Group	NA
EQ - 2.6 Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Limited Quantity Max net Qty/Pkg	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Packing Instructions	NA
Passenger Aircraft - Quantity Max Net Qty/Pkging	NA
Cargo Aircraft only - Packing Instructions	NA
Cargo Aircraft only - Max Net Qty/Pkging	NA
Special Provisions 4.4	NA
ERG Code	NA NA

# INTERNATIONAL MARITIME DANGEROUS GOODS CODE (IMDG CODE)

IMDG 2016 EDITION	DAKOTA SOLUTIONS SILVER BRITE PLUS FOAM MX
UN Number	NA
Proper Shipping Name Description	NA
Class or Division	NA
Subsidiary Risks	NA
Packing Group	NA
Special Provisions	NA
Limited Quantities	NA
Excepted Quantities	NA
Packing Instructions	NA
Packing Provisions	NA
IBC Instructions 4.1.4	NA
IBC Provisions 4.1.4	NA
Portable tanks and bulk containers - tank instructions	NA
Portable tanks and bulk containers - provisions	NA
EmS	NA
Stowage and Handling	NA
Segregation	NA
Properties and observations	NA

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# **Chemical Inventory Status**

Ingredients listed on: TSCA, DSL, Japan, and EC inventories.

SARA Section 302 - Emergency Planning Notification - SARA Section 304 - Emergency Release Notification -

SARA 311/312 - Hazard categories for SARA Section 311/312 Reporting - Sulfuric Acid

**CERCLA - Hazardous Substance -** Sulfuric Acid, Phosphoric Acid

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification - None; testing identified it as not corrosive to metals

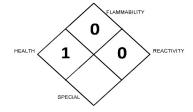
# **California Proposition 65:**

Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid are listed as causing cancer on the CA Proposition 65 list. This product under normal use is not expected to meet the definition of a strong acid mist and does not fulfill this criteria.

# 16. OTHER INFORMATION

## UNITED STATES NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (U.S. NFPA)

NFPA 704 "fire diamond" is used by emergency personnel to quickly identify the risks posed by the material during response to a fire or a spill or other unusual event.



#### NFPA rating explanation as applied to SILVER BRITE PLUS FOAM MX

**FLAMMABILITY 0** - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand. Materials that will not burn in air when exposed to a temperature of 820 C/1500 F for a period of 5 minutes.

**HEALTH 1** - Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury **REACTIVITY 0** - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is

not reactive with water.

**SPECIAL** - contains special symbols applicable to the material. In this case there are no applicable special conditions.

# **CREATION/REVISION SUMMARY:**

Created on: November 8, 2019 in GHS format Revised on February 5, 2020 to include corrosion testing information

Cheryl Sykora, CIH, CSP,CHMM

Registered Specialist, SDS and Label Authoring #118534

LEGEND TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.

88 Empire Drive, Saint Paul, Minnesota 55103

651-221-4085

Registered Specialist
SDS and Label Authoring
AHHA Registry Programs\*

THE INFORMATION RELATES TO THIS SPECIFIC INFORMATION. IT MAY NOT BE VALID FOR THIS MATERIAL IF USED IN COMBINATION WITH ANY OTHER MATERIALS OR IN ANY PROCESS. IT IS THE USER'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SATISFY ONESELF AS TO THE SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS OF THIS INFORMATION FOR HIS OWN PARTICULAR USE. ALL MATERIALS MAY PRESENT UNKNOWN HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. ALTHOUGH CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED HEREIN, WE CANNOT GUARANTEE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.