

INFRARED HEATERS



SUPERIOR
RADIANT PRODUCTS

**SERIES
AUX**
Single Stage



**The
Agriculture
Heater**

WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage, injury or death. Read the installation, operation and maintenance instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

FOR YOUR SAFETY

Do not store or use flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

If you smell gas:

1. Open windows
2. Don't touch electrical switches
3. Extinguish any open flame
4. Immediately call your gas supplier

OWNER

Retain this Manual & ensure available for Service.

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause injury, death or property damage.

Read the installation, operation and service instructions thoroughly before installing or servicing this equipment.

INSTALLER

Provide Manual to Owner upon completion of installation!

Read and thoroughly understand these Instructions before attempting any installation

FOR AGRICULTURAL USE ONLY,

NOT For Residential / Industrial or Commercial Use.

Canada: 563 Barton Street, Stoney Creek, Ontario L8E 5S1

USA: 315 N Madison Street, Fortville, IN 46040

www.superiorradiant.com

CAUTION: FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

Maintain clearance to combustible constructions as further specified in this manual. Failure to do so could result in a serious fire hazard. Heaters should not be located in hazardous atmospheres containing flammable vapors or combustible dusts. Signs should be provided in storage areas specifying maximum safe stacking height.

CAUTION: MECHANICAL HAZARD

This equipment expands and contracts with each operating cycle. The gas connection, suspension hardware, and the installation itself must safely allow this movement. Failure to do so could result in serious fire or explosion hazard.

CAUTION: FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARD

This heater is equipped with an automatic ignition device. Do not attempt to light the burner by hand. Failure to comply could result in a serious fire and personal injury hazard.

CAUTION: MECHANICAL HAZARD

Do not use high pressure (above ½ psi, 60 mbar) to test the gas supply system with the burners connected. Failure to do so could result in damage to the burner and its control components requiring replacement.

CAUTION: SERVICE LIFE RISK

Do not install equipment in atmosphere containing halogenated hydrocarbons or other corrosive chemicals. Failure to do so may lead to premature equipment failure and invalidation of the warranty. Additionally, it is recommended that the equipment be installed with a downward slope, away from the burner. The rate of declination should be ¼" (6mm) in height per 10' (3m) in length to allow the start-up condensation to drain.

CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	4
INSTALLATION CODES	4
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS	5
GAS SUPPLY	5
ELECTRIC SUPPLY.....	5
FLUE AND OUTSIDE AIR CONNECTION	5
DIMENSIONAL CHARTS	6
CONFIGURATIONS	7
CLEARANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES	8
INSTALLATION	11
INSTALLATION SEQUENCE.....	11
<i>HANGERS INSTALLATION</i>	11
<i>TUBE INSTALLATION</i>	13
<i>HEATER AND BAFFLE INSTALLATION</i>	15
<i>REFLECTOR INSTALLATION</i>	17
<i>ELBOW AND U-TUBE INSTALLATION</i>	20
<i>MITERED REFLECTOR INSTALLATION</i>	21
<i>SIDE REFLECTORS & BOTTOM SHIELDS</i>	22
<i>BOTTOM SHIELD REFLECTOR INSTALLATION</i>	23
VENTING / COMBUSTION AIR DUCTING	24
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	24
UN-VENTED OPERATION	24
VENTED OPERATION	25
<i>Horizontal Venting</i>	25
<i>Vertical Venting</i>	25
<i>Common Vertical Venting</i>	26
COMBUSTION AIR SUPPLY (OPTIONAL).....	27
VENT TERMINAL.....	28
GAS PIPING	29
GENERAL REQUIREMENTS	29
ELECTRICAL WIRING	30
BURNER OPERATION	31
STARTING SEQUENCE OF OPERATION	31
MAINTENANCE	31
INSTALLATION CHECKLIST	32
TROUBLESHOOTING	33
<i>Module error codes</i>	33
TROUBLESHOOTING CHART	34
REPLACEMENT PARTS	35
WARRANTY	36

Introduction

Superior Radiant Products is a company in the infrared heating industry founded on the principles of product quality and customer commitment.

Quality commitments are evidenced by superior design, a regard for design detail and an upgrade of materials wherever justifiable.

Customer commitment is apparent through our ready responses to market demands and a never ending training and service support program for and through our distributor network.

Superior Radiant offers its 20 years of infrared expertise in a cost effective unitary heater design as culmination of that commitment. **Series AUX** models are field assembled, low intensity infrared heaters that are easy to install and maintain, and which were engineered with significant input from our customers. They are designed to provide economical operation and trouble-free service for years to come.

Important

These instructions, the layout drawing, local codes and ordinances, and applicable standards such as apply to gas piping and electrical wiring comprise the basic information needed to complete the installation, and must be thoroughly understood along with general building codes before proceeding.

Only personnel who have been trained and understand all applicable codes should undertake the installation. SRP Representatives are Factory Certified in the service and application of this equipment and can be called on for helpful suggestions about installation.

Installation Codes

Installations must comply with local building codes, or in their absence, the latest edition of the national regulations and procedures as listed below.

General Installation and Gas Codes

Heaters must be installed only for use with the type of gas appearing on the rating plate, and the installation must conform to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA and CSA B149.1 and B149.2 Installation Codes in Canada.

This heater is approved for indoor installation. Not for use in residential dwellings, refer to Rating plate.

Gas Supply Lines

Gas supply pipe sizing must be in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA and CSA B149.1 and B149.2 Installation Codes in Canada.

A 1/8" NPT plugged tap must be installed in the gas line connection immediately upstream of the burner farthest from the gas supply meter to allow checking of system gas pressure.

Electrical

All heaters must be electrically grounded in accordance with the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 in the USA, and the Canadian Electric Code, CSA C22.1 in Canada, and must comply with all local requirements.

Venting

Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54 in the USA and CSA B149.1 and B149.2 Installation Codes in Canada for proper location, sizing and installation of vents as well as information on clearance requirements when penetrating combustible walls for venting purposes.

General Specifications

Gas Supply

Inlet Pressure

Natural Gas:	Minimum	5.0" W.C.	Propane Gas:	Minimum	11.5" W.C.
	Maximum	14.0" W.C.		Maximum	14.0" W.C.

Manifold Pressure

Natural Gas:	3.5" W.C.	Propane Gas:	10.5" W.C.
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Inlet Connection

Natural Gas or Propane: ½" female NPT

Electric Supply

120 VAC, 60 HZ, 1 Amp: 36" cord with grounded 3 prong plug

Flue and Outside Air Connection

4" O.D. male connection for flue adapter and outside air (optional) provided at the heater

Dimensional Charts

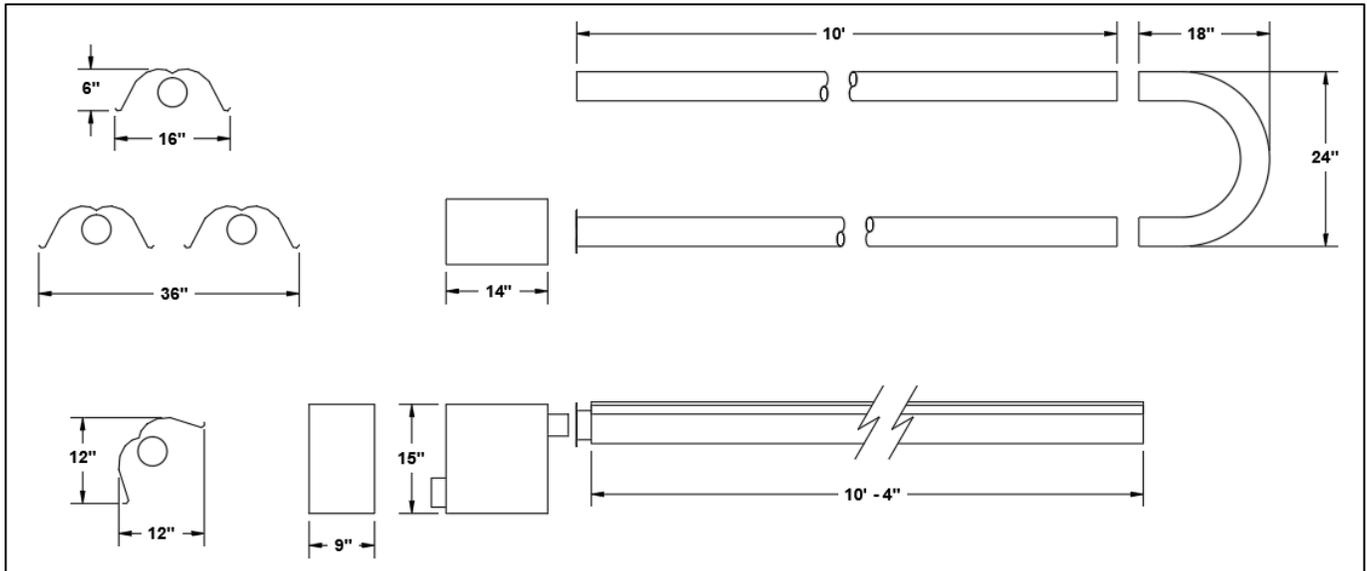


Figure 1: Overall Dimensional Information

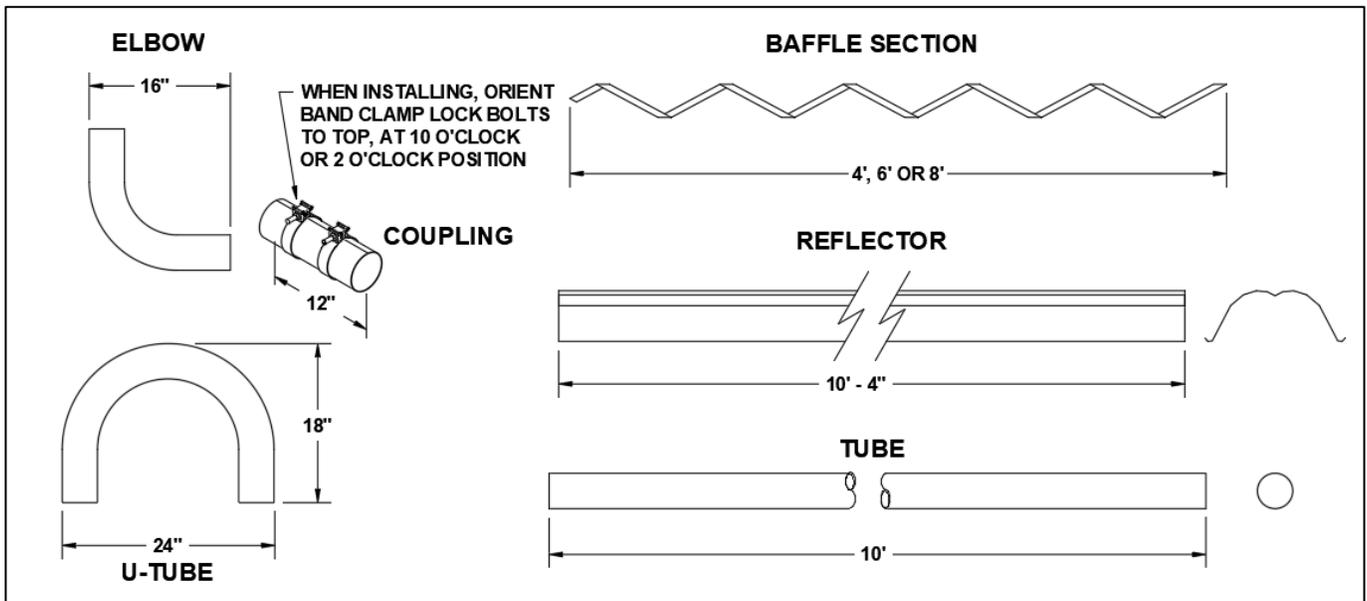


Figure 2: Component Dimensional Information

Configurations

Table 1: Configuration Information

Model * Special Configurations available – see below	Rate (BTU/Hr)	Heat Exchanger Length ft. (m)		Baffle ft.(m)	Baffle Kit P/N
		Minimum	Maximum		
AUX-40	40,000	10' (3m)	20' (6m)	6' (1.8m)	CT045
AUX-60*	60,000	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	6' (1.8m)	CT046
AUX-80*	80,000	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	12' (3.6m)	CT047
AUX-100*	100,000	20' (6m)	30' (9m)	12' (3.6m)	CT047
AUX-125*	125,000	30' (9m)	50' (12m)	12' (3.6m)	CT047
AUX-150*	150,000	40' (12m)	60' (18m)	6' (1.8m)	CT046
AUX-175	175,000	50' (15m)	60' (18m)		
AUX-205*	205,000	60' (18m)	70' (21m)		
AUX-220	220,000	60' (18m)	70' (21m)		

Note:

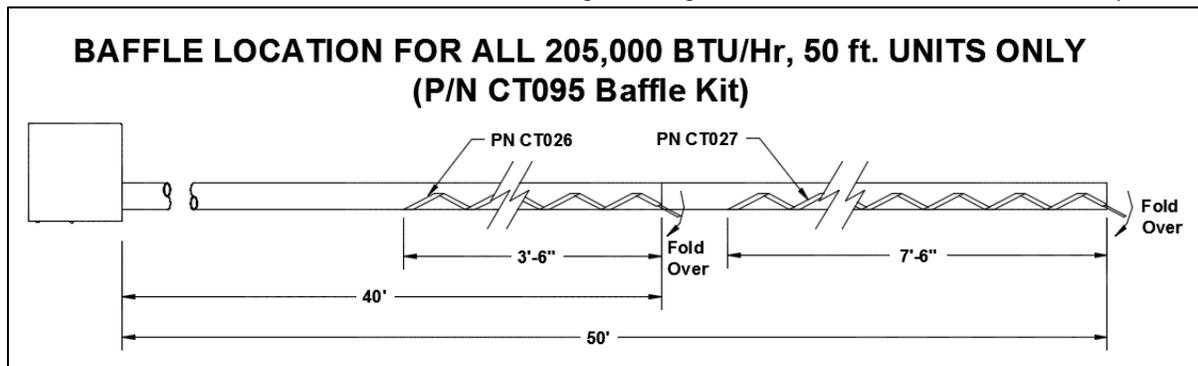
- Baffles are always placed in the last section of radiant tube.
- Baffles are either aluminized or stainless steel sections 6' long.
- When only 6' is required an aluminized steel baffle is installed, except on the AUX-40,000 where a special 6' stainless steel baffle with a red identification tab must be installed.
- When 12' is required, a 6' stainless steel baffle is inserted first into the end tube followed by another 6' aluminized baffle. The stainless steel baffle is now closest to the burner.

Part numbers for reference are:

- CT045 Baffle Kit, AUX-40,000 BTU/hr only, 6' long, stainless steel with red identification tab.
- CT046 Baffle Kit, 6' long, aluminized steel
- CT047 Baffle Kit, 12' long aluminized & stainless steel.

***The following Special Configurations are also approved:**

- 60,000 BTU/Hr 15' heat exchanger with 6' Stainless steel baffle with red tab (Natural Gas Only)
- 80,000 BTU/Hr 40' heat exchanger with NO baffle or 6' aluminized baffle.
- 100,000 BTU/Hr 40' or 50' heat exchanger with NO baffle or 6' aluminized baffle
- 125,000 BTU/Hr 50' heat exchanger with 6' aluminized baffle
- 150,000 BTU/Hr 60' heat exchanger with NO baffle
- 205,000 BTU/Hr 50' heat exchanger with a 4' baffle at 40', and a 8' baffle at 50'.
- 60 & 80,000 BTU/hr SRP BIG SHOT™ heat exchanger configuration. Refer to LT218 for assembly instructions.



Baffle Location AUX-205 Models, 50ft

Clearance to Combustibles

A general clearance of 18 (0.5 m) in every direction is recommended for servicing only around each Burner and air supply (at the far end of each radiant tube). Also, to ensure adequate air flow in and around the Heating System.

In addition to this it is very important to observe the minimum clearance to combustibles at all times to avoid any possibility of property damage or personal injury.

Table 2 lists the minimum clearance to combustible materials for various installation configurations. Additional clearance may be required for glass, painted surfaces and other materials which may be damaged by radiant or convective heat.

Combustible materials are considered to be wood, compressed paper, plant fibres, plastics, Plexiglas or other materials capable of being ignited and burned. Such materials shall be considered combustible even though flame-proofed, fire-retardant treated or plastered.

Elbows and U-bends are un-heat treated aluminized material and are typically installed without reflectors. Reflector miter kits are available for U-bends and elbows.

Adequate clearance to sprinkler heads must be maintained.

The stated clearance to combustibles represents a surface temperature of 90°F (50°C) above room temperature. Building materials with low heat tolerance (**i.e. plastics, vinyl siding, canvas, tri-ply, etc.**) may be subject to degradation at lower temperatures. **It is the installer's responsibility to ensure that adjacent materials are protected from deterioration.**

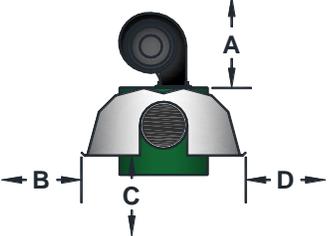
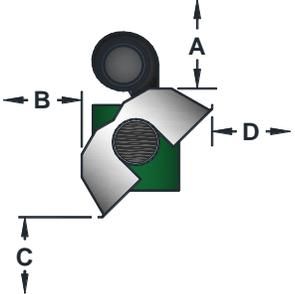
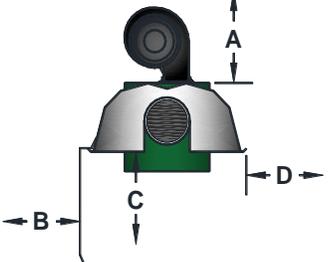
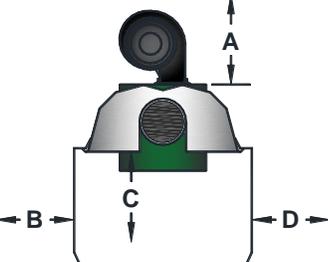
Note 1:

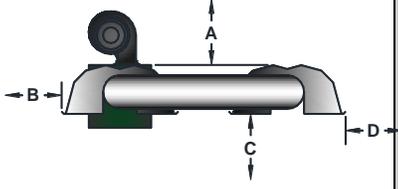
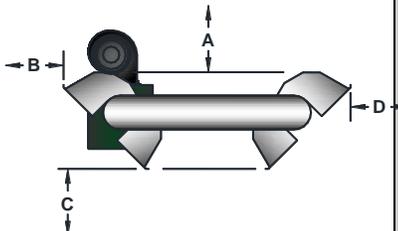
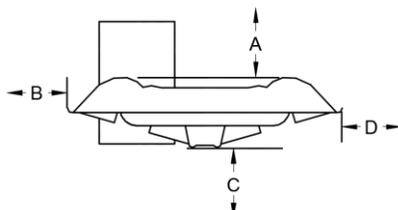
Bottom Shields are approved for all burner sizes. The below clearance (dimension C in Table 2) may be reduced by 25% when an approved Bottom Shield is used.

Note 2:

Reduced clearances downstream from the burner are approved for all configurations. Dimensions B, C, and D in Table 2 can be reduced for locations 25' (7.6 m) or more downstream from a burner maximum reduction is 50%

Table 2: Minimum Clearance to Combustibles Inches (cm)

		Model No.: AUX									
Reflector Configurations	Dim In (cm)	40 MBH	60 MBH	80 MBH	100 MBH	125 MBH	150 MBH	175 MBH	205 MBH	220 MBH	
Horizontal		A	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	6(15)
	B	18(46)	25(63)	26(66)	30(76)	33(84)	36(91)	40(102)	44(46)	46(117)	
	C	45(114)	58(147)	62(157)	67(170)	71(180)	74(188)	78(198)	80(203)	83(211)	
	D	18(46)	25(63)	26(66)	30(76)	33(84)	36(91)	40(102)	44(46)	46(117)	
	A	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	8(20)	8(20)	8(20)	
45° Reflector Tilt		B	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	
	C	40(102)	50(127)	58(147)	67(170)	70(178)	71(180)	74(188)	78(198)	81(205)	
	D	38(97)	46(117)	50(127)	58(147)	63(160)	64(163)	67(170)	72(183)	77(196)	
	A	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	6(15)	
	One Side Extension		B	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	6(15)
	C	50(127)	58(147)	63(160)	73(185)	76(193)	78(198)	80(203)	84(203)	84(203)	
	D	35(89)	38(97)	42(107)	45(114)	50(127)	52(132)	54(137)	56(142)	58(147)	
	A	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	6(15)	
	Two Side Extension		B	9(23)	16(41)	18(46)	18(46)	22(56)	24(61)	26(66)	29(74)
	C	50(127)	58(147)	64(163)	71(180)	78(198)	80(203)	82(208)	86(218)	88(224)	
	D	9(23)	16(41)	18(46)	18(46)	22(56)	25(64)	26(66)	29(74)	31(79)	

		Model No.: AUX								
Reflector Configurations	Dim In (cm)	40 MBH	60 MBH	80 MBH	100 MBH	125 MBH	150 MBH	175 MBH	205 MBH	220 MBH
U-Tube, Horizontal										
	A	-	2(5)	2(5)	2(5)	4(10)	4(10)	6(15)	6(15)	6(15)
	B	-	25(64)	28(71)	30(76)	34(86)	37(94)	40(102)	45(114)	46(117)
	C	-	59(150)	62(157)	71(180)	74(188)	76(193)	78(198)	82(208)	88(224)
	D	-	22(56)	26(66)	30(76)	33(66)	36(84)	40(102)	44(112)	46(117)
U-Tube, Opposite 45°										
	A	-	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	4(10)	8(20)	10(25)	10(25)
	B	-	46(117)	50(127)	54(137)	63(160)	64(163)	67(170)	72(183)	74(188)
	C	-	51(129)	54(137)	64(163)	69(175)	71(180)	74(188)	78(198)	81(206)
	D	-	16(41)	18(46)	18(46)	22(56)	24(61)	26(66)	29(74)	32(81)
U-Tube, SRP BIG SHOT™										
	A	-	7(18)	7(18)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	B	-	36(91)	36(91)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	C	-	62(157)	62(157)	-	-	-	-	-	-
	D	-	36(91)	36(91)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unvented	Above	12(30)	12(30)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)
	End	26(66)	26(66)	26(66)	26(66)	26(66)	32(81)	32(81)	32(81)	32(81)
Vented	End	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)	18(46)

Note: All dimensions shown are measured from outside surface of all tubes, reflectors and fittings

Installation

Installation Sequence

Generally, there is no unique sequence for installation of the burner or heat exchanger. A review of the job site will usually indicate a logical installation order. However, time and expense can be saved if installation is begun at the most critical dimension, watching for interference from overhead doors, cranes, auto lifts etc. Figure 3 provides a general overview of the components utilized in the installation, as well as their general relationship.

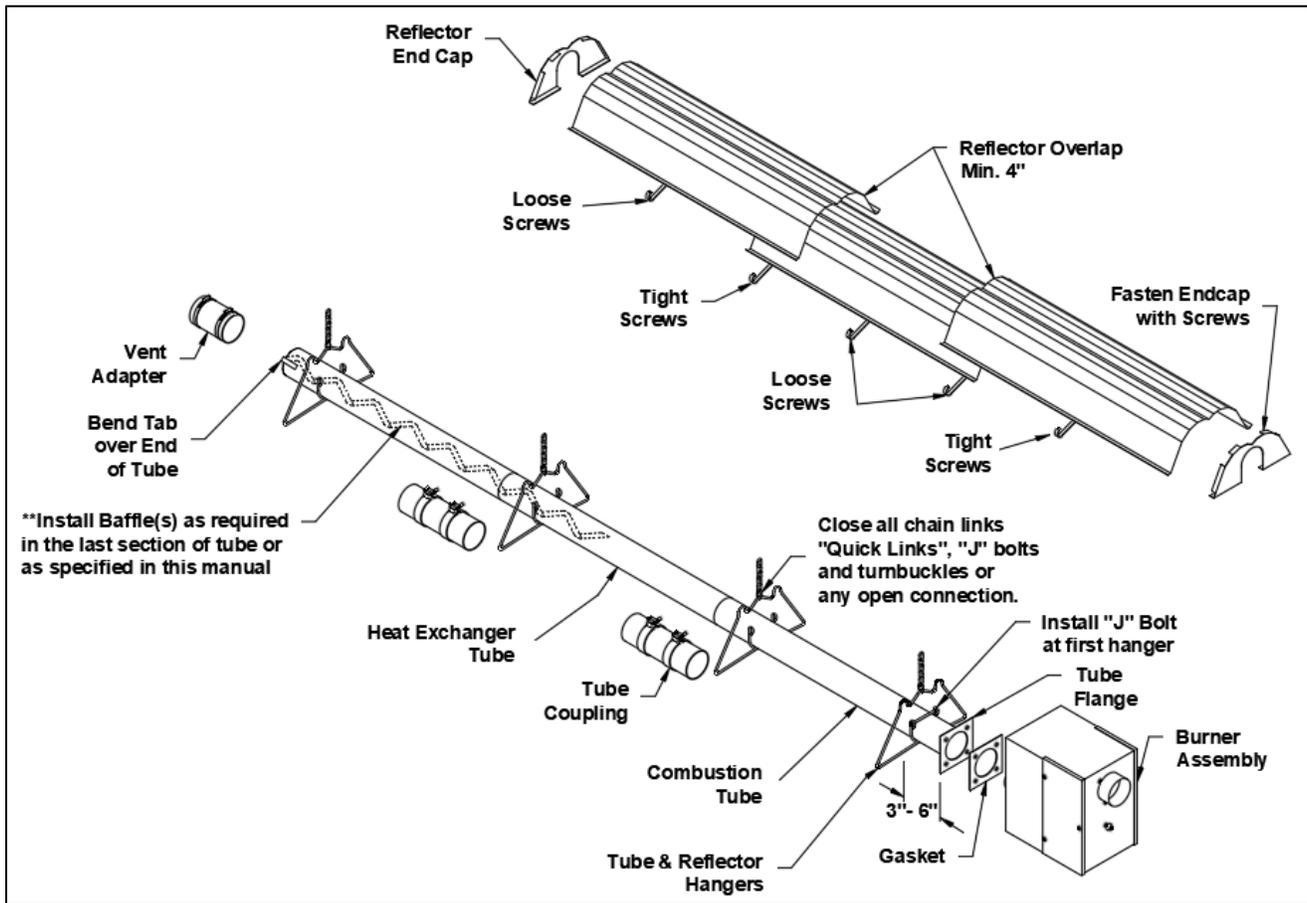


Figure 3: General Overview of Installation

A general ordered sequence for installation is provided below for reference.

HANGERS INSTALLATION

- Suspension mechanism must allow for lateral tubing expansion. A minimum 12" length welded link chain with a working load limit of at least 200 lbs. is recommended (refer to Figure 4 for more details). SRP recommends and make available "quick links" for connecting chain. If any open ended turnbuckles are used, the open ends must be closed to avoid unhooking chain with inadvertent contact.
- Locate hanging chain at predetermined suspension points in the structure. It is required that the first 2 hangers be about 8' to 9' away. Thereafter, 10' apart on average is acceptable for the remainder of the heat exchanger. At no time should hangers be more than 12' apart, (see Figure 5).

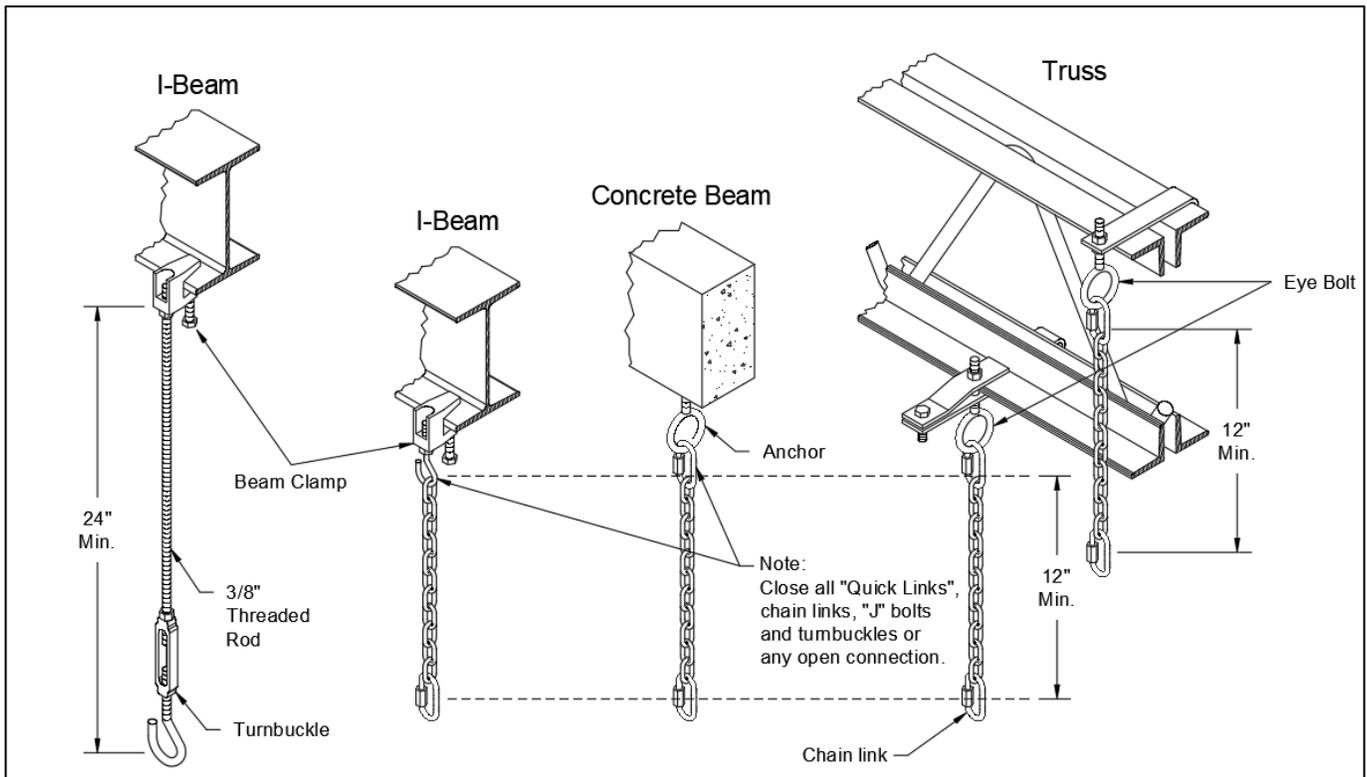


Figure 4: Suspension Mechanism

- Install the tube and reflector support hanger on the chain with “Quick Links” refer to Figure 4 & Figure 5

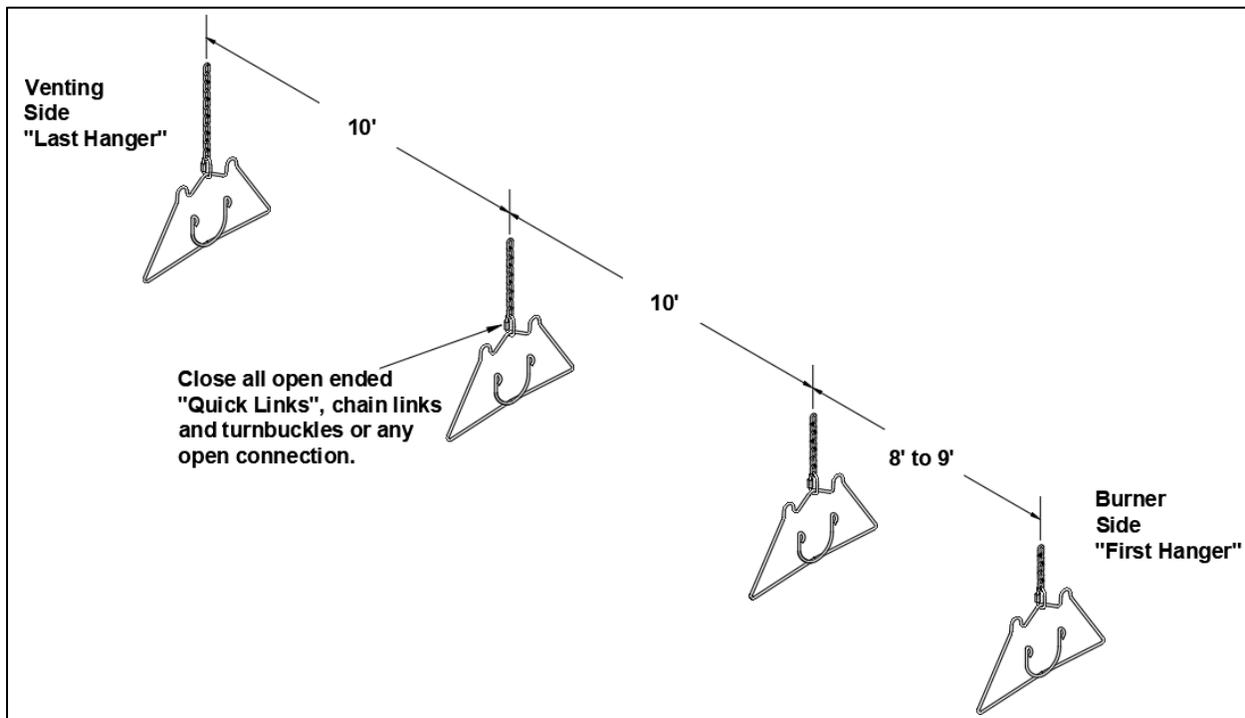


Figure 5: Typical Hanging Points

- Place the first (flanged, aluminized) tube in the first two hangers (Figure 6). Be sure the flange is toward the intended burner location. The other end of the tube should have the first coupling already loosely fitted.

TUBE INSTALLATION

- Always use all the hangers supplied. As a rule the combustion tube (first tube) utilizes 2 hangers and thereafter 1 hanger per 10' section. It is required that the first hanging point be 3" to 6" from the burner mounting flange, and tube weld seam must face down, refer to Figure 6 for more details.

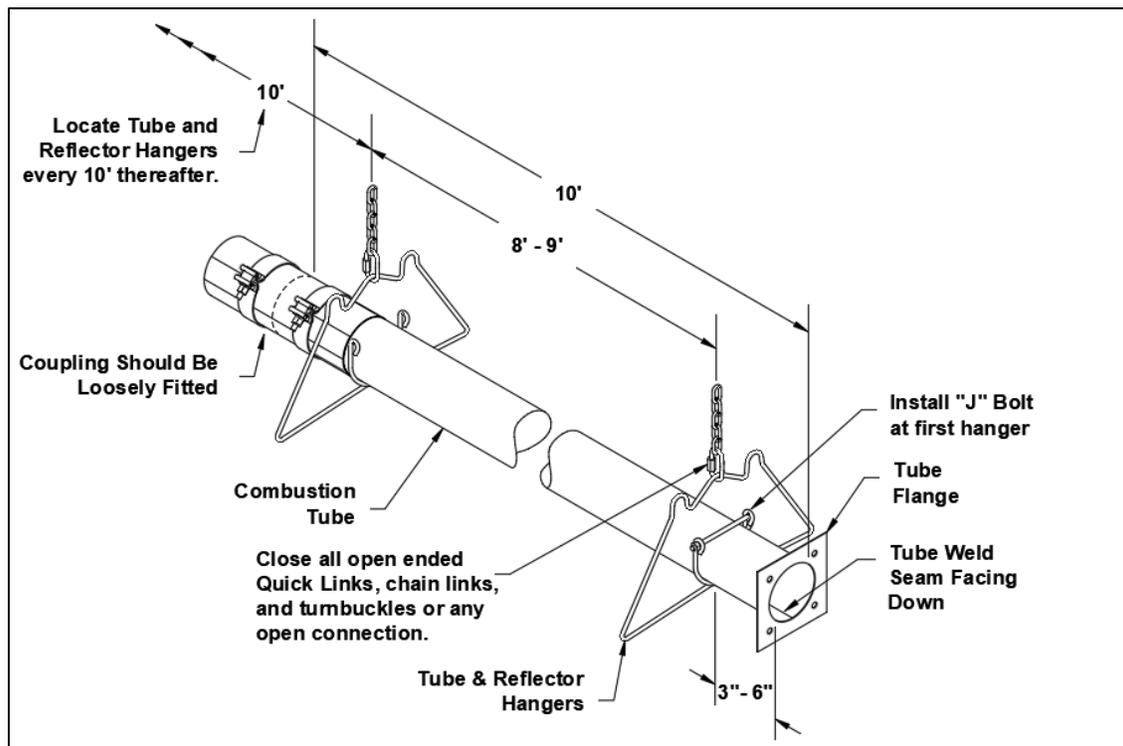


Figure 6: Installation of First section of Flanged Tube

- For all remaining tubes, fit the end of the tube with a coupling refer to Figure 7, (the coupling should be loose).

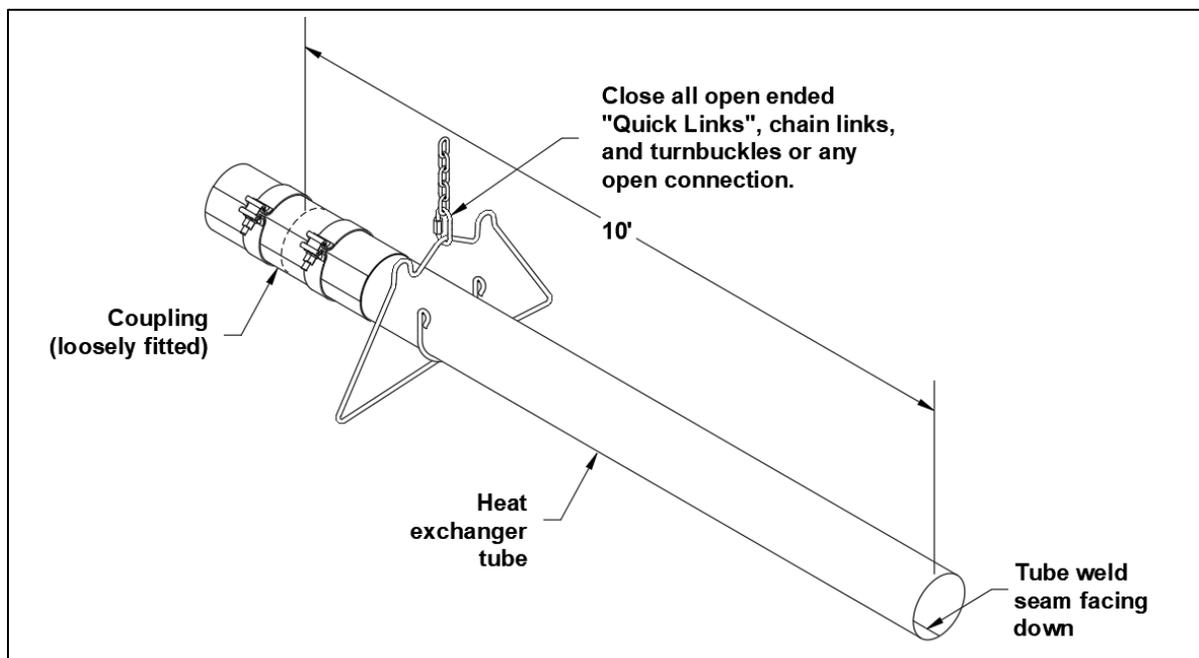


Figure 7: Installation of Heat Exchanger Tube and Coupling

- Tighten the cradle loops of the first hanger with the “J” Bolt found in the burner box, to snugly hold the combustion tube from rotating see Figure 8.

Note: For all coupling joints, ensure that the tube joint is in the center of the coupling length, and that the overlap joint of the coupling is above the centerline of the tube. Also ensure that the weld seam on ALL tubes is facing down.

Note: In order to obtain smoothly sealed coupling liners, tighten each of the coupling bands progressively and alternately. Tightening one band completely before the other may result in an undesirable wrinkle in the liner (refer to Figure 8). **Be sure not to over torque the coupling. (Torque coupling to 15-25 lbf-ft).**

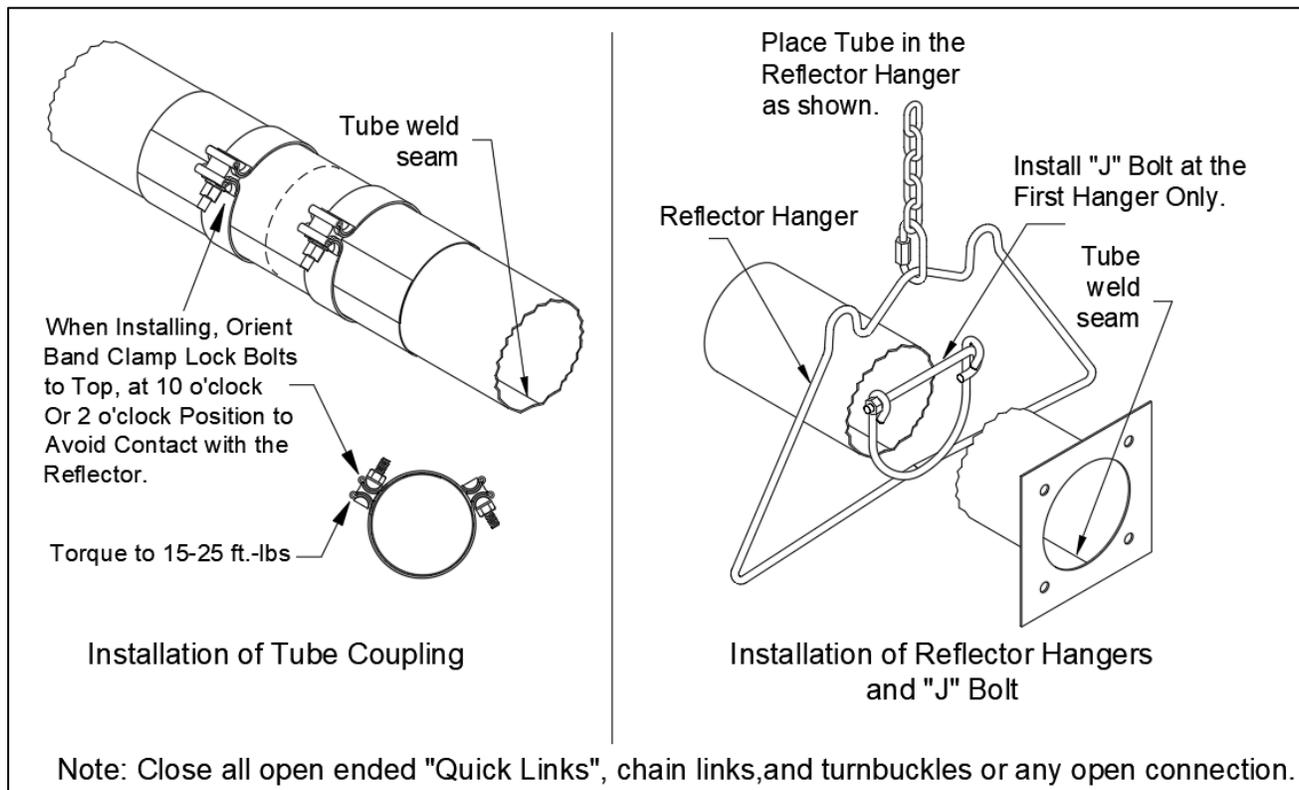


Figure 8: “J” Bolt and Coupling Installations

- Continue placing tubes, couplings and reflectors to complete the heater assembly. Ensure heat exchanger sections line up straight. Couplings should be tightened as heat exchanger is placed, since it is more difficult to do so once the reflector is in position.

Note: It is recommended that the equipment be installed with a downward slope, away from the burner. The rate of declination should be ¼” (6mm) in height per 10’ (3m) in length to allow the start-up condensation to drain.

HEATER AND BAFFLE INSTALLATION

- Locate the burner gasket provided, bolt the burner in place on the tube flange with provided hardware. **Burner must never be installed in a tilted position.** The sense electrode of the burner cup should be in the 12 o'clock position (Figure 9).

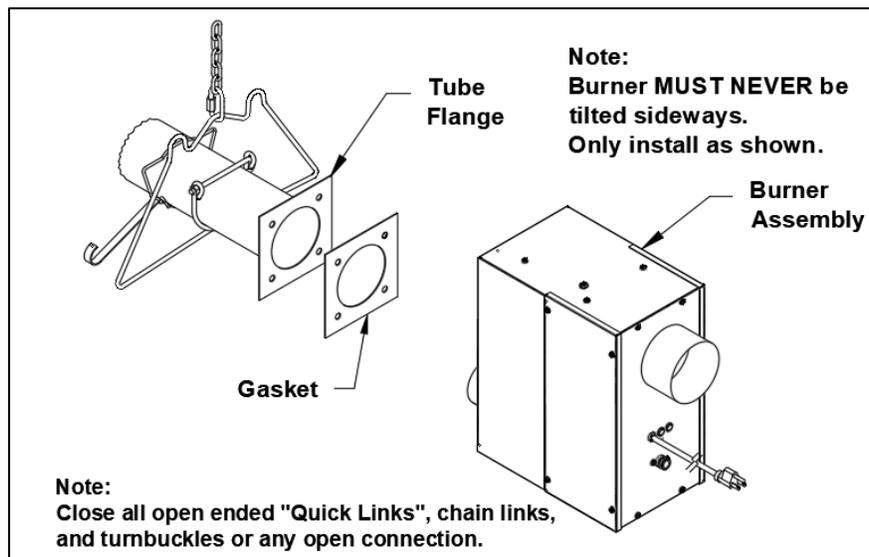


Figure 9: Burner Gasket Installation

- If required for your heater model (refer to Table 1), install the baffle at the end of the heat exchanger. The small tab on the baffle is folded over the end of the tube and clamped in place by the vent connector and vent system, refer to Figure 10.

Note: Baffles are always placed at the end of the last heat exchanger tube length.

Note: Baffles are either one or two sections (each section is 6' in length). Multiple sections are simply clipped together. Where stainless and aluminized sections are supplied, always place the stainless steel section closest to the burner. The easiest installation method is to pull the baffle through the tube using a long wire.

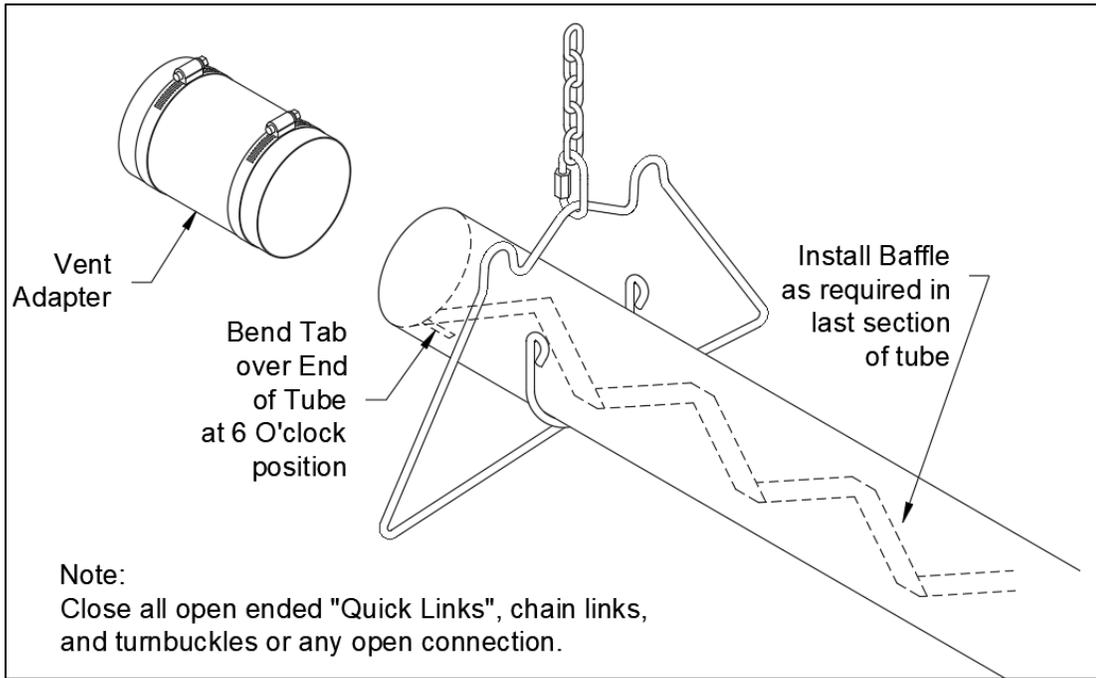


Figure 10: Baffle Installation

- A general overall view of the tubes and reflector hangers are shown in Figure 11 below

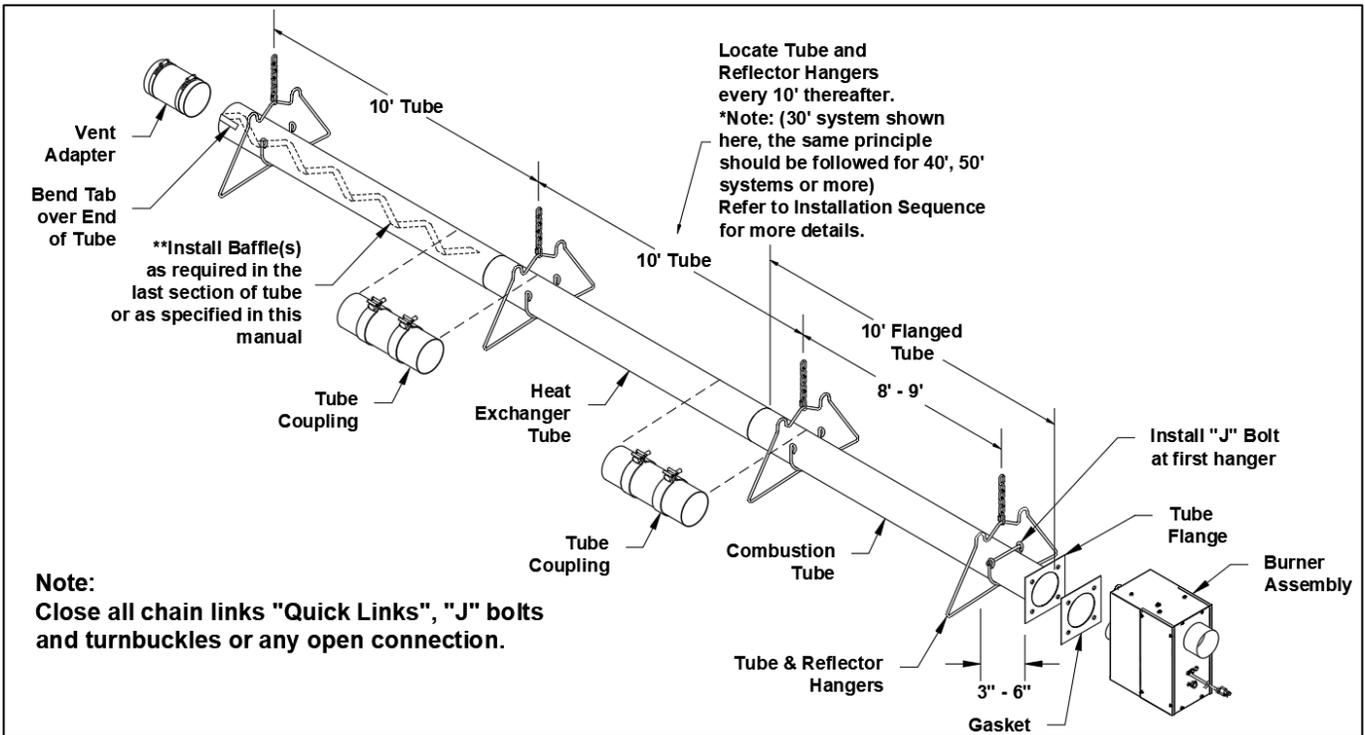


Figure 11: Overall view of Tubes and Reflector Hangers

REFLECTOR INSTALLATION

- Slide a reflector section into place within the support hanger, (Figure 12).

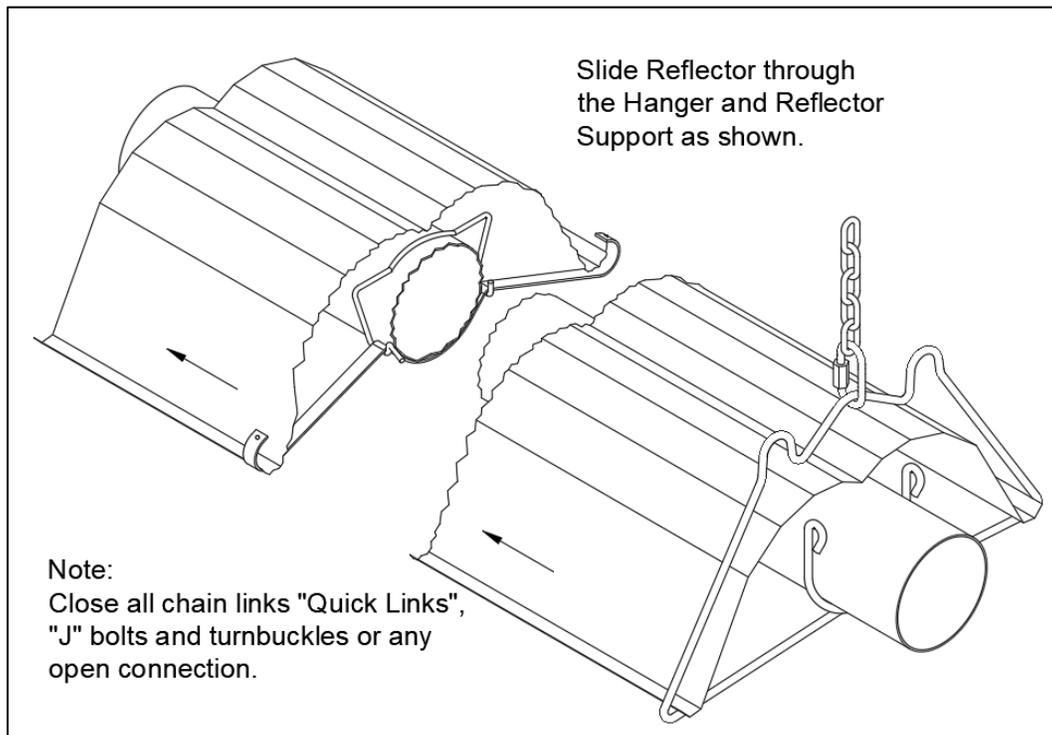


Figure 12: Reflector Installation

- Install reflector support brackets, one at each reflector overlap position, and one in the middle of each 10' reflector length. Figure 13 shows the installation of the reflector support bracket.

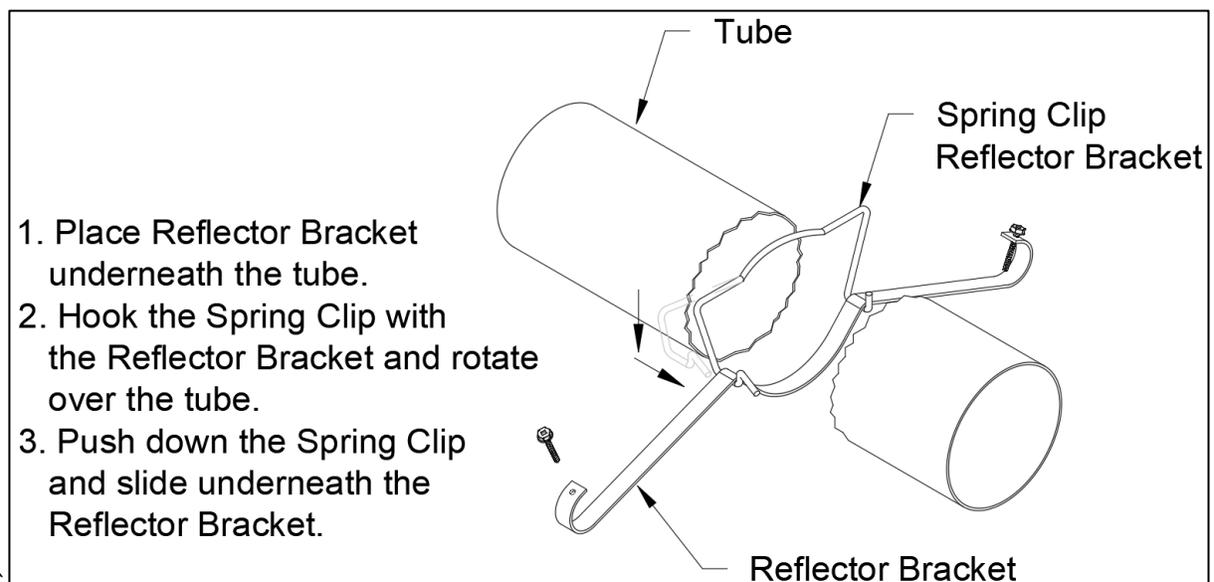


Figure 13: Reflector Support Bracket Installation

Note: Reflectors should overlap adjacent reflectors minimum 4". Be sure not to tile reflector sections; that is, reflector sections must be either above both adjacent reflector sections, or below both adjacent reflector sections. Refer to Figure 14.

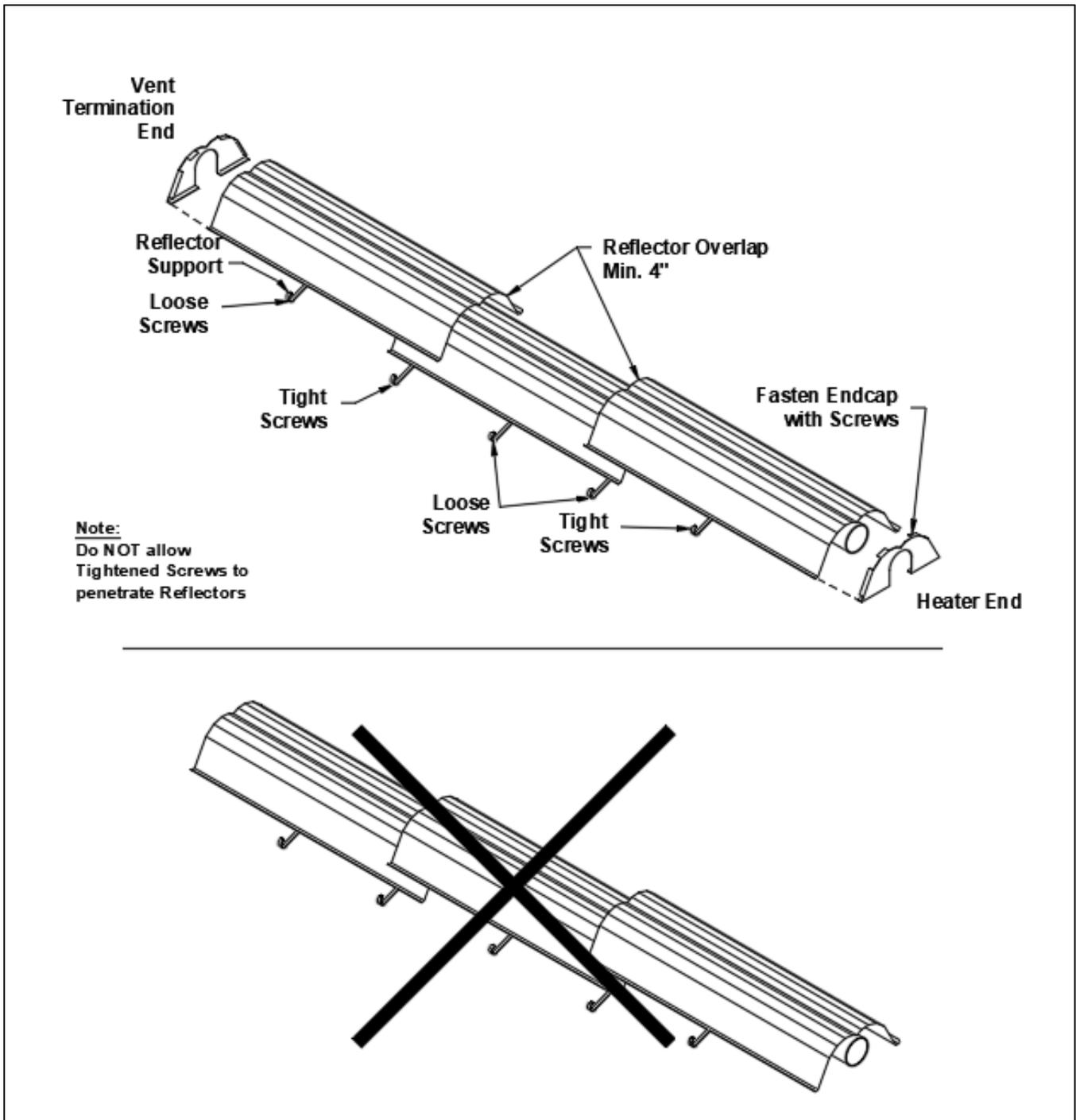


Figure 14: Reflector Overlap Illustration

- Secure every second reflector overlap together with a minimum of 2 - #8 x 3/8" long screws (not supplied), and secure reflector to the reflector bracket at this point by tightening down #8 x 1 1/4" screws supplied with reflector brackets (Figure 15). The remaining reflector overlap joints and reflector brackets are left loose to accommodate system movement.

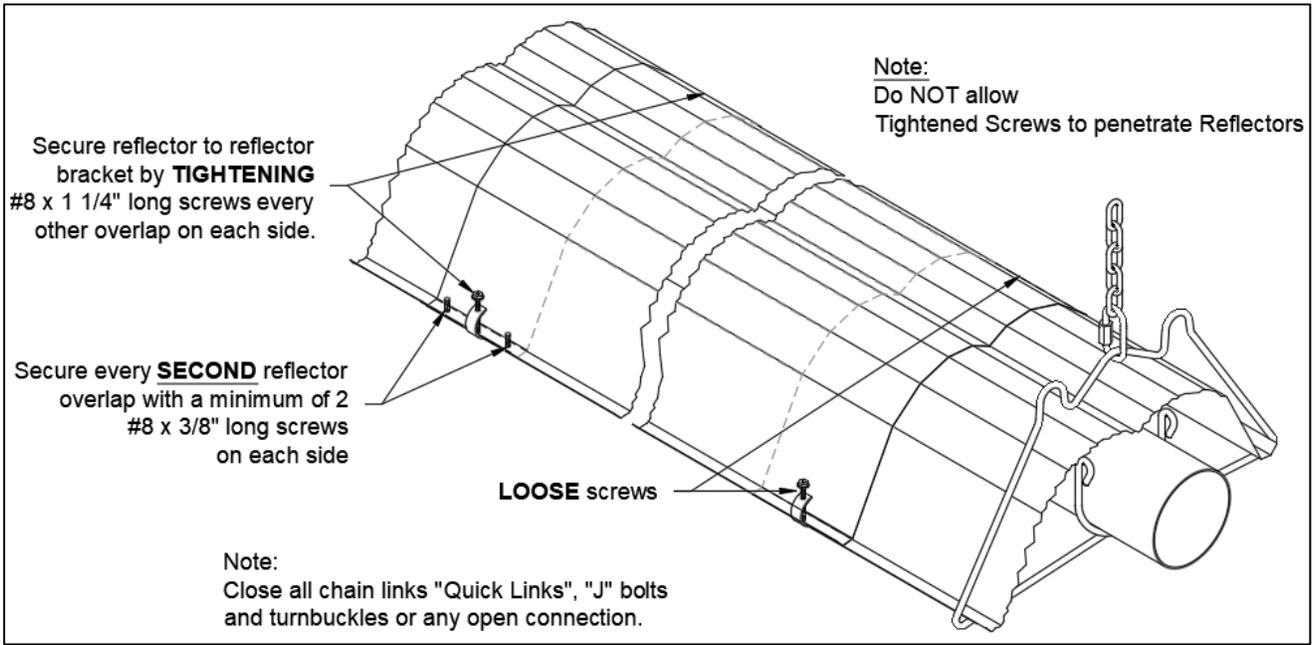


Figure 15: Reflector Supports Installation and Reflector Overlap

- Install End Cap as shown in Figure 16

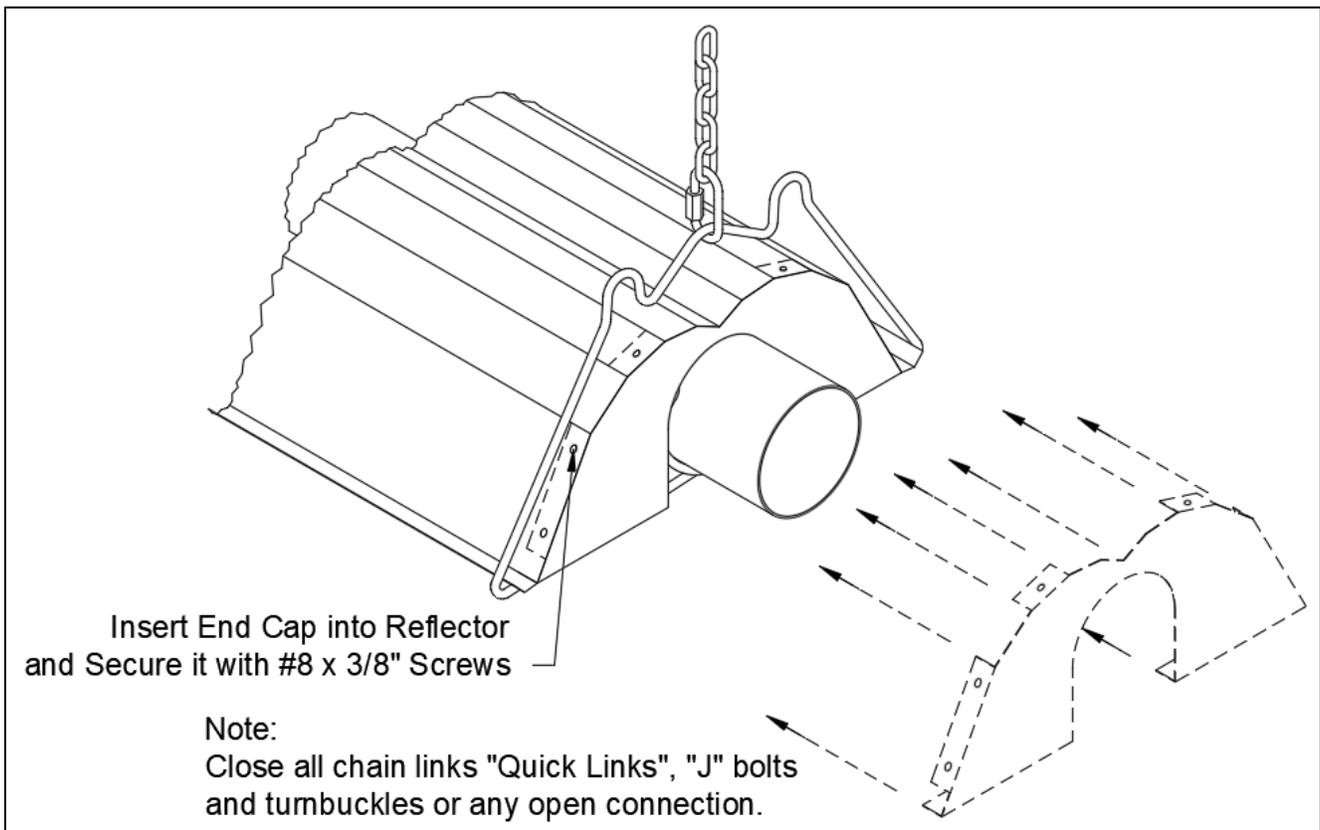


Figure 16: Reflector End Cap Installation

ELBOW AND U-TUBE INSTALLATION

- If required by the heater layout, install 90° elbows or U-tube where indicated. Refer to Figure 17 for details.

Note: Elbows or U-tubes are typically installed without reflectors. To reduce the above clearance to combustibles distance use miter reflectors (see Figure 18) and refer to Clearance to Combustibles information.

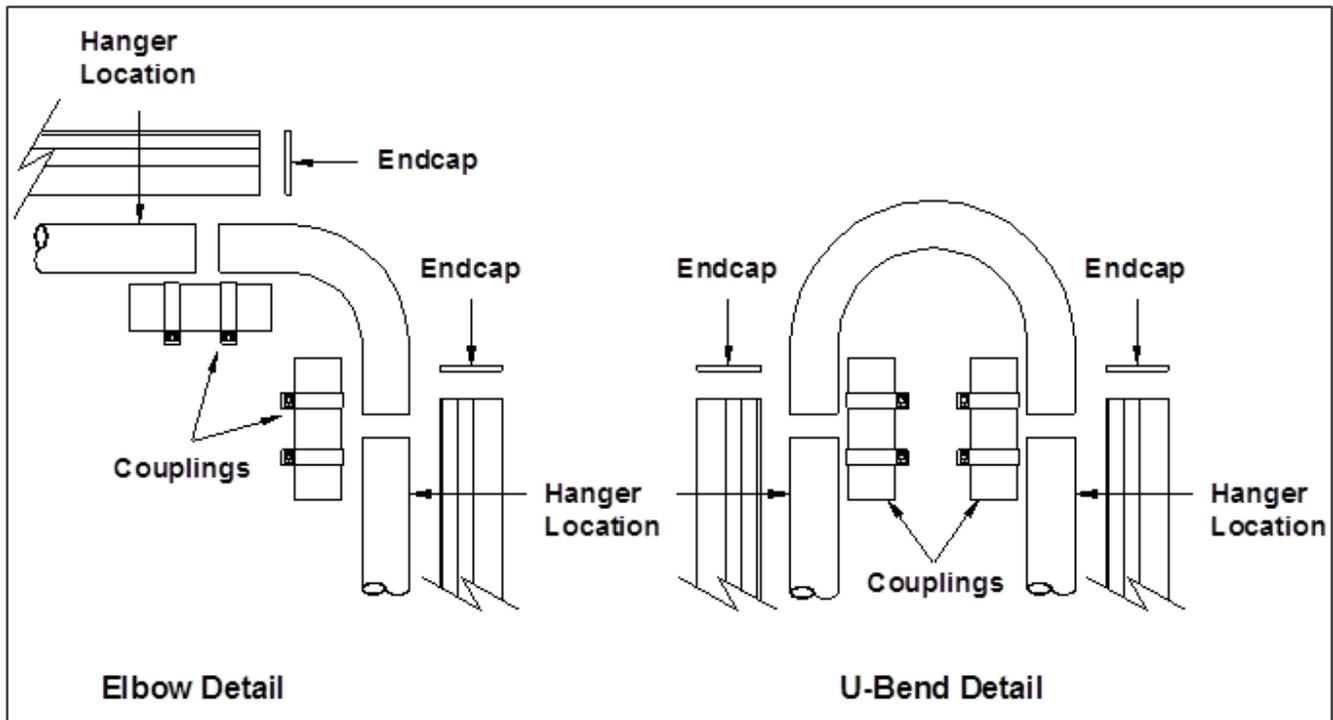


Figure 17: 90° Elbow and U-Tube Assembly Detail

- Elbows or U Tubes must be located not less than 10' from the burner in ALL models.

MITERED REFLECTOR INSTALLATION

- If used, install the Mitered Reflector as shown below (Figure 18).

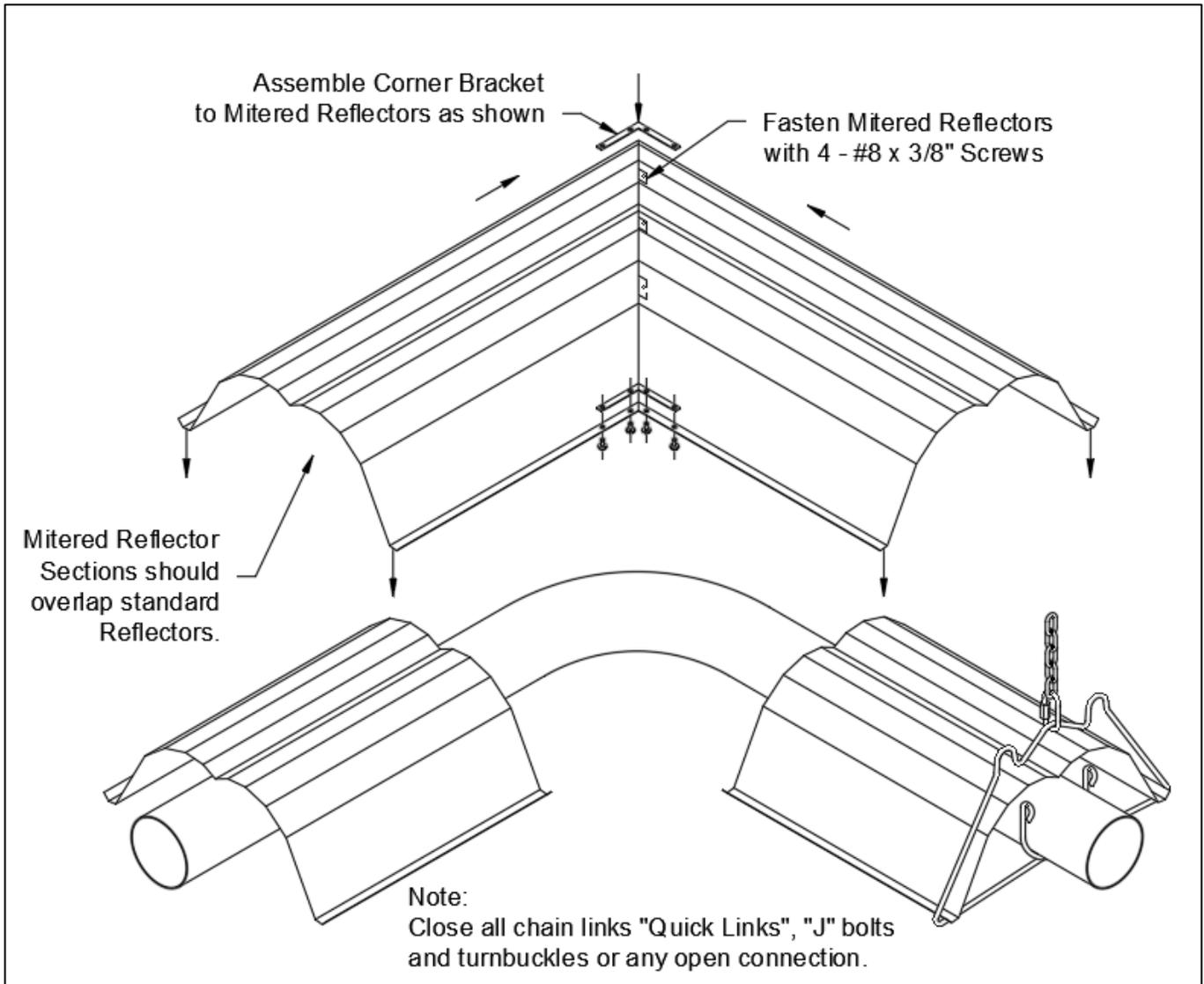


Figure 18: Mitered Reflector Installation

SIDE REFLECTORS & BOTTOM SHIELDS

- If used, install side shields (reflectors) and/or bottom shield as required. Refer to Figure 19 and Figure 20 for details.
- Side shields are 124" (315cm) long. Fasten one side shield per reflector with #8 x 3/8" screws. Use three side shield brackets per side shield. Space about 48" (122cm) apart, refer to Figure 19.

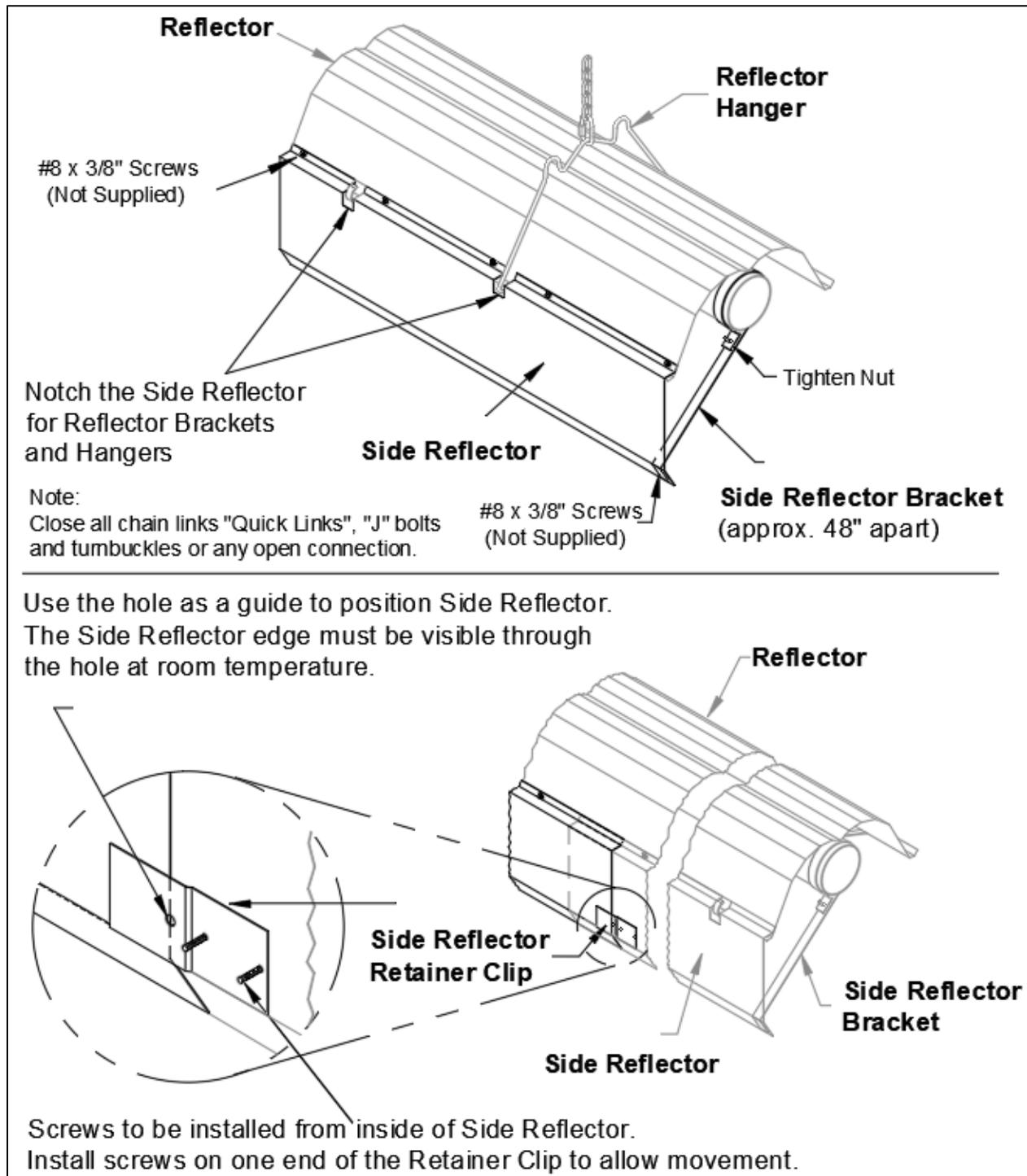


Figure 19: Side Shield Overlap

BOTTOM SHIELD REFLECTOR INSTALLATION

- Bottom shields need not overlap. Each 5' section is held with two support brackets (see Figure 20).

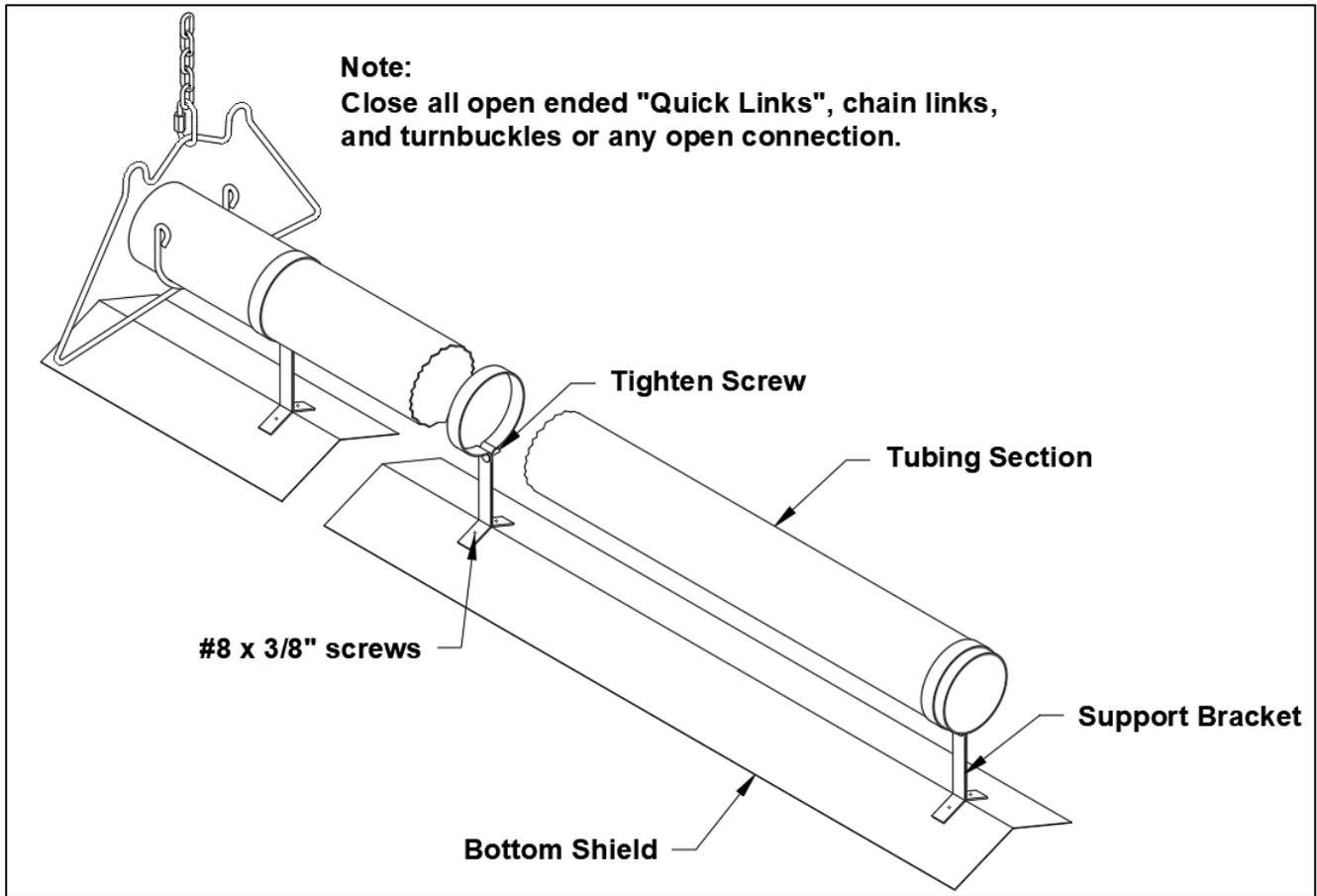


Figure 20: Bottom Shield Installation

Venting / Combustion Air Ducting

General Requirements

- Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54) in the USA and CSA B149.1 Installation Codes in Canada, as well as all local requirements for general venting guidance.
- Series AUX Infrared Heaters may be installed vented or unvented.
- Series AUX Infrared Heaters may be vented horizontally or vertically. This series of heaters are considered a Category I appliance for vertical venting and a Category III appliance for horizontal venting.
- If heater is to be vented horizontally, the vent from building must:
 - Be not less than seven feet above grade when located adjacent to public walkways.
 - Terminate at least three feet above any forced air inlet located within ten feet.
 - Terminate at least four feet below, four feet horizontally from or one foot above any door, window, or gravity inlet into any building.
 - Be located at least 12" (30cm) from any opening through which vent gases could enter a building.
 - Extend beyond any combustible overhang.
 - Be installed at a height sufficient to prevent blockage by snow.
- Secure all joints with three sheet metal screws.
- Optional outside air supply may be directed to the heater horizontally or vertically.

IMPORTANT

- Maximum total vent length allowed for any model heater is 30' (9m).
- Maximum total fresh air inlet duct length allowed for any model heater is 30' (9m).
- Total of vent length plus outside air supply duct length cannot exceed 50' (15m) for any heater with minimum heat exchanger length.
- If condensation in the vent pipe or outside air supply duct is a problem, shorten or adequately insulate the section.
- Install a minimum 18" (45 cm) straight length of duct for air intake or vent before any Tee or elbow.
- Do not install any elbow or 45 fitting to bring vent lower than the horizontal tube system.

Note: The above stated requirements assume a maximum of 2 elbows in the total combination of vent and air supply duct. Subtract 5' of allowable length for each elbow if 3 or more elbows are used.

Un-Vented Operation

- Requirements for combustion air supply and dilution air vary by jurisdiction, building type and specific installation details. **See local codes for guidance.** In general, fresh air ventilation must be provided to the building space at **3 cfm per 1000 BTU/Hr in Canada and 4 cfm per 1000 BTU/h in USA.** The exhaust fan must be electrically interlocked with the heater.
- Optional outside air supply is not recommended for unvented heaters due to possible pressure imbalances in the building space.

Ensure that minimum combustibles clearances are maintained for unvented heaters. Refer to Table 2, for required clearance dimensions.

Vented Operation

Horizontal Venting

- The heater operates at a positive vent pressure.
- Use an approved S636 or UL1738 Category III venting system, or a single wall vent pipe with all joints and seams sealed with heat-resistant pliable sealant, such as high temperature RTV silicone for temperatures up to 650°F [343°C]. Prior to placing the heater in operation conduct a leak test with heater running using a soap solution.
- When venting through combustible walls, use approved vent terminal Tjernlund VH1-4, or SRP supplied deflector vent terminal with an approved insulating thimble.
- When venting through non-combustible walls, use SRP supplied deflector vent terminal. Recommended extension of the terminal past the outside wall surface is 18" minimum.

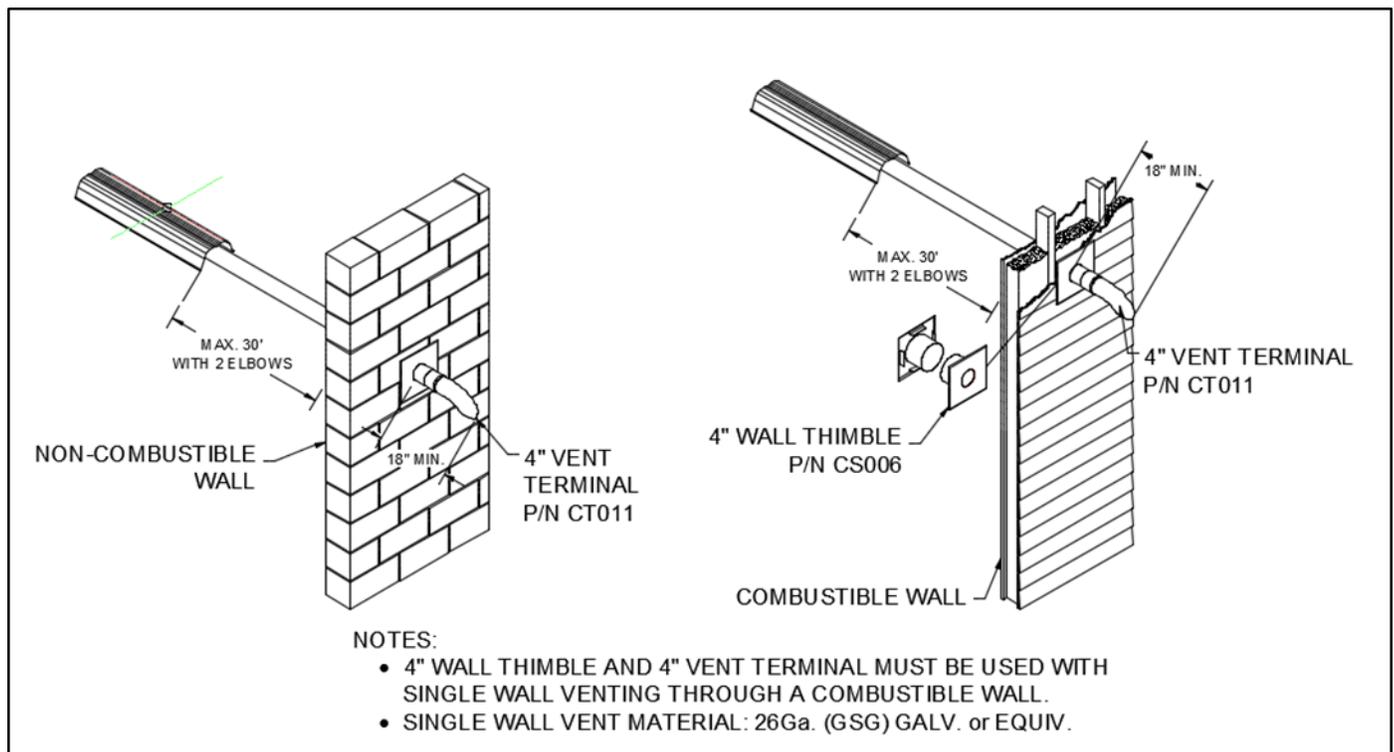


Figure 21: Horizontal Venting

Vertical Venting

- The heater operates at a negative vent pressure.
- Refer to the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54) in the USA and CSA B149.1 Installation Codes in Canada, to size for Category I (B-vent) fan assisted appliances.
- Minimum vent pipe size is 4"(10cm) for an individual heater
- Use of an approved thimble to pass through combustible roof materials is required.
- Use of an approved vent cap is required.
- Check local codes for vertical vent size.

Note: For any heater with minimum heat exchanger length when venting through a roof, use single-wall vent pipe in the building and an approved clearance roof thimble. A B type vent for the portion of the vent system passing through the roof may be used. Use B type vent materials for stacks above the roof line. If using vent lengths greater than 15' (5m), condensation will form in the vent pipe. Insulation and additional sealing measures (high temperature silicone at all seams) may be required.

Common Vertical Venting

- Common vent sizing information is defined in the appropriate gas installation code (Refer to ANSI Z223.1 and CSA B149.1 for sizes and installation information).
- Connection locations to the common vent should be offset to avoid pressure interferences between heaters, refer to ANSI Z223.1 and CSA B149.1.
- Use of approved thimble to pass through combustible roof material is required. Additionally, B type vent materials are required for stacks above the roof line. Use of approved vent cap is required.
- All heaters to a common vent are recommended to operate at the same time. Connect the electrical circuit to the same thermostat to ensure simultaneous operation.

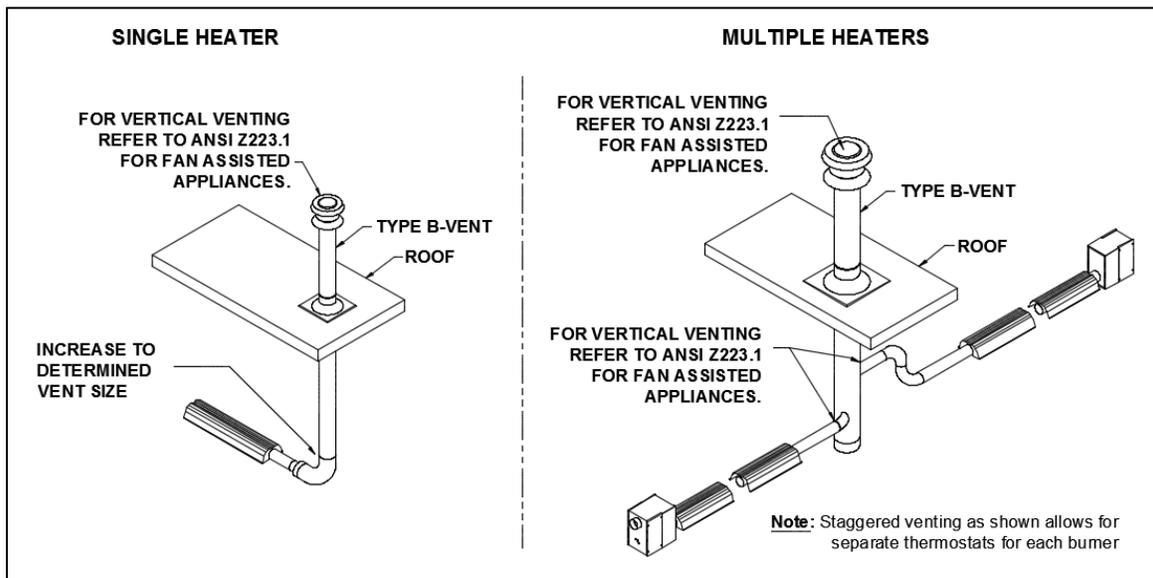


Figure 22: Common Vertical Venting

Note: Horizontally vented heaters must be individually vented and cannot use a common vent.

Note: Do not install any elbow or 45 fitting to bring vent lower than the horizontal tube system. For special vent configurations: Venting to a maximum of 36" below the level of the heat exchanger tubes is acceptable, provided: (a) the burner's combustion post-purge feature is enabled via a 24 VAC thermostat connected to the ignition control module as per the instruction manual, (b) the intake of the combustion air is from outside the heating space, (c) maximum of 2 elbows in flue vent, and (d) normal operation of the burner is verified by a certified gas technician after completion of installation.

Combustion Air Supply (Optional)

- An outside combustion air supply is strongly recommended if the building space encloses a negative pressure due to exhaust etc. or if the building contains materials which would expose the heater to halogenated hydrocarbon atmospheres.
- The outside air terminal must be of an approved type, and should be located at an elevation equal to or below the vent terminal elevation to prevent back-venting of flue gases into the burner compartment.
- Install single wall pipe or PVC pipe and fittings with a 12" linear section of flexible duct to allow movement of the heater. Do not use flexible duct throughout the entire length of fresh air duct. This may cause nuisance air switch tripping.

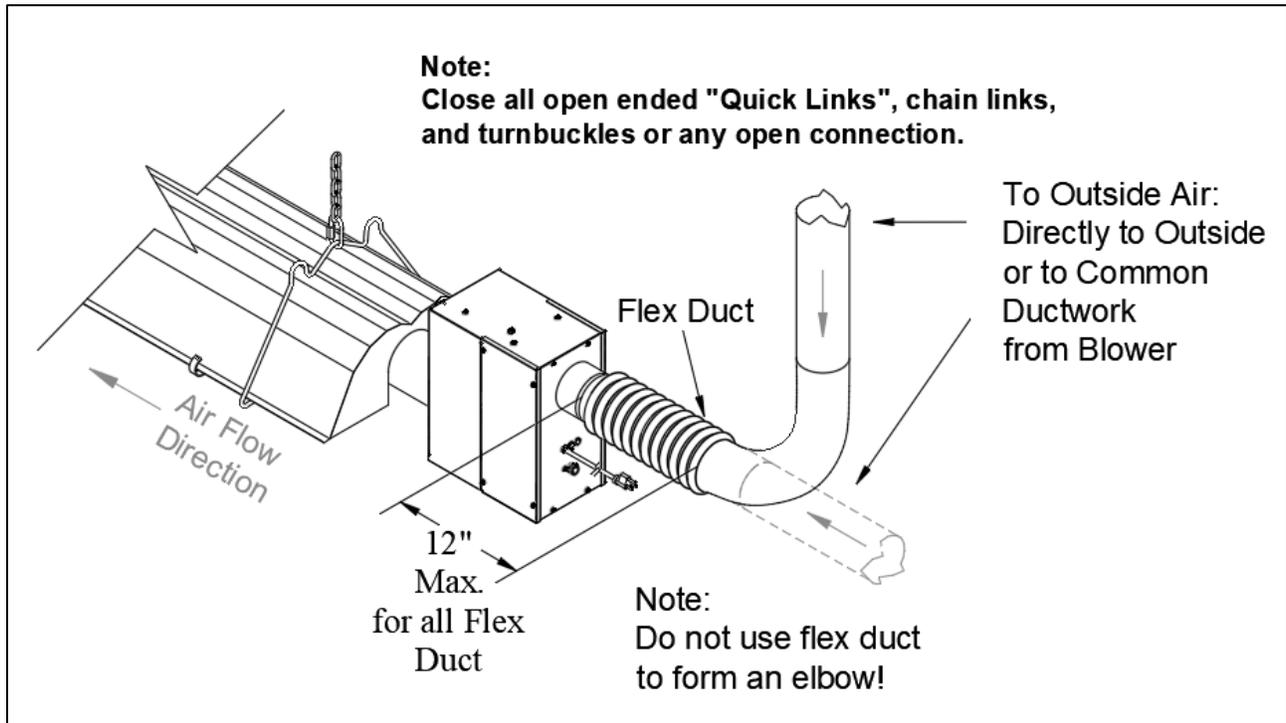


Figure 23: Installation of Outside Air as supply for Combustion

Vent Terminal

Heater can be vented indoor or to the outside, either approach is approved, however a vent terminal is recommended for these heaters. Approved vents with these heaters are "Vent terminal" or "Hinged Vent Terminal" shown in the figure below.

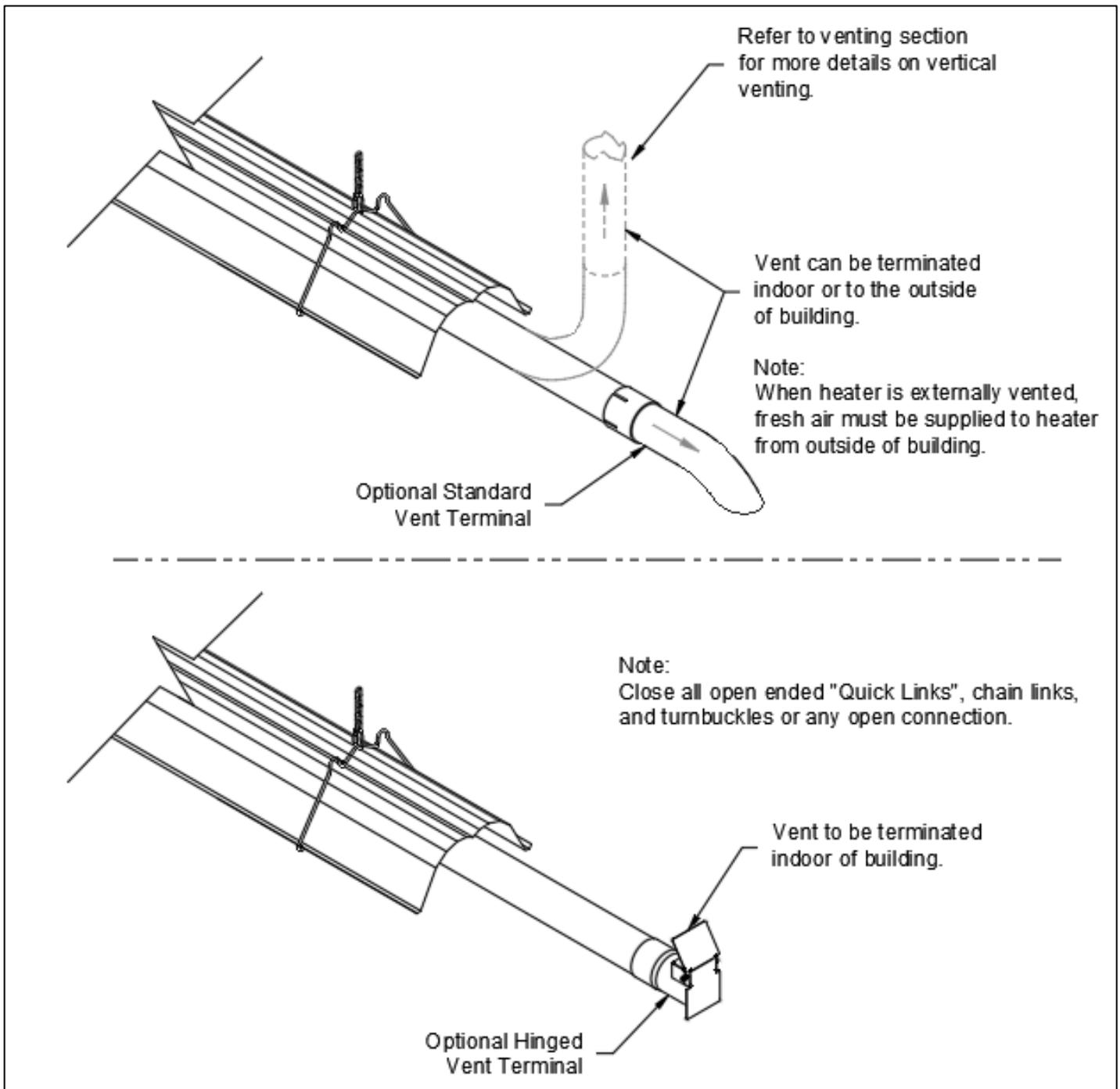


Figure 24: Vent Terminal

General Requirements

- The gas meter and service must be sufficiently large to supply gas to the connected building gas load including the heating equipment and any other gas fired equipment. Additionally, the gas distribution piping must be designed according to local and national ordinances. Generally (low pressure) systems designed with a maximum ½" W.C. total pressure drop meet this requirement.
- Gas supply pipe sizing must be in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54) in the USA and CSA B149.1 and B149.2 Installation Codes in Canada.
- Before connecting burners to the gas supply system, verify that high pressure testing of the system has been completed. Failure to do so may expose the burner components to damaging high pressure, requiring replacement of key components.

Flexible gas connectors of approved type must be installed as shown in Figure 26, in one plane, and without sharp bends, kinks or twists. A smooth loop of approximately 12" (40cm) in diameter is best. Failure to install the gas connection in the approved manner will result in a hazardous and potentially deadly situation due to the movement of the heat exchanger and burner in the normal course of operation.

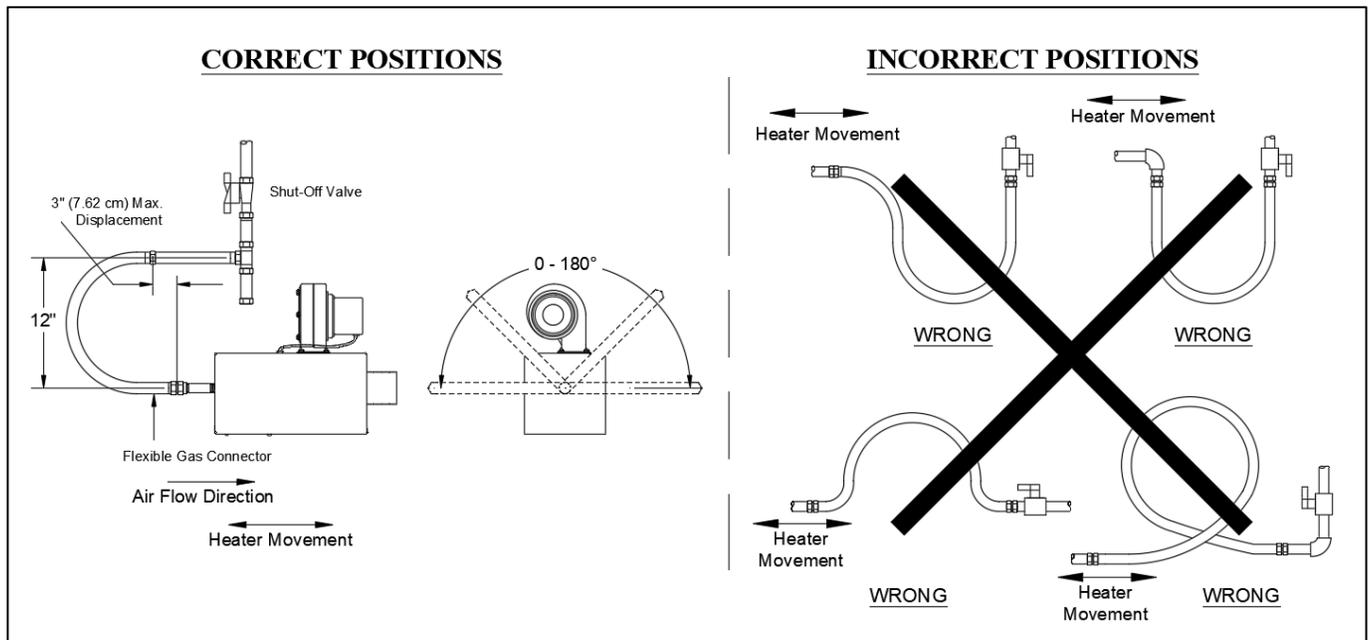


Figure 25: Flexible Gas Connections

Electrical Wiring

Heaters are normally controlled by line voltage (120V) or low voltage (24V) thermostats. They are both wired directly. In all cases, heaters must be grounded in accordance with the National Electric Code, ANSI/NFPA 70 in the USA, and the Canadian Electric Code, CSA C22.1 in Canada, and must comply with all local requirements. Heaters may also be controlled with a manual line switch or timer switch in place of the thermostat. Refer to Figure 28 for guidance on electrical wiring of heaters.

If any of the original wire as supplied with the heater must be replaced, it must be replaced with wiring having a rating of at least 105°C temperature service and 600 volts capability.

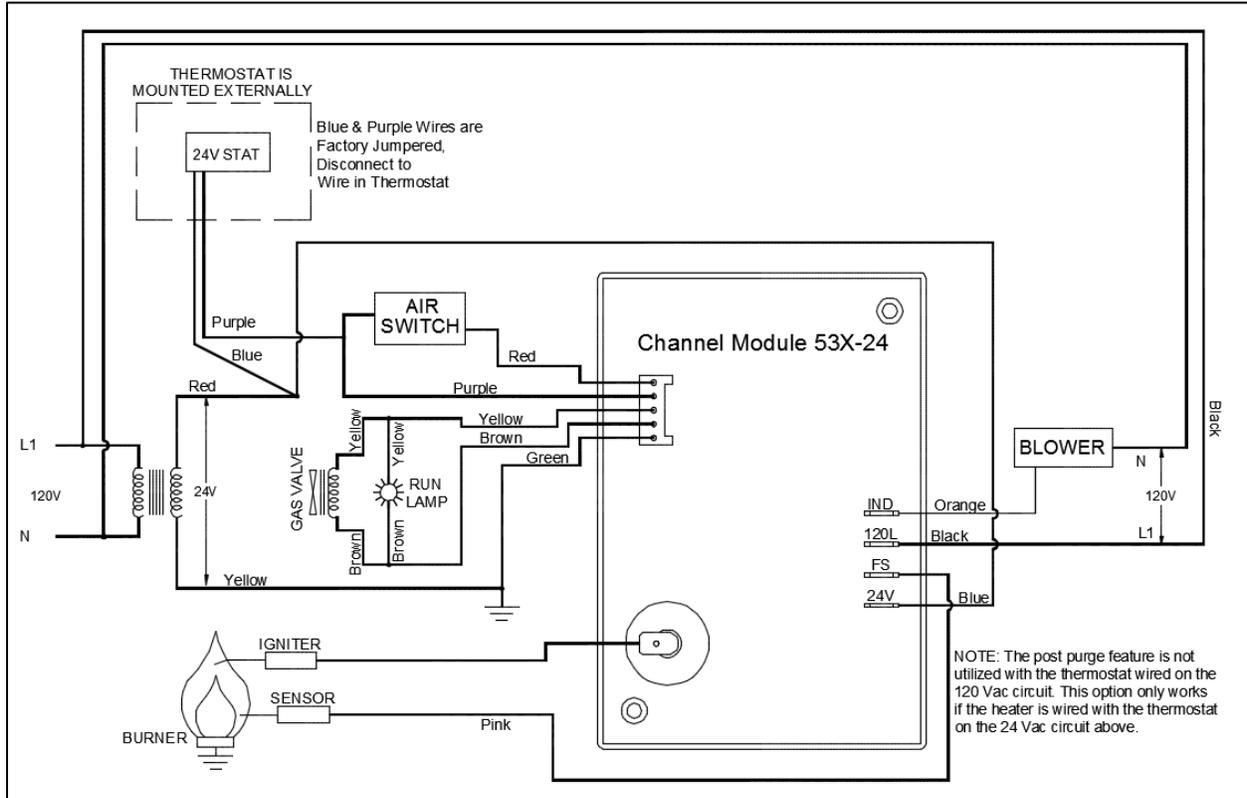


Figure 26: Wiring Diagram

Burner Operation

Starting Sequence of Operation

- Turn the thermostat up. When the thermostat calls for heat, the blower motor will energize.
- When the motor approaches nominal running RPM, the air-proving switch closes and activates the ignition module.
- The ignition module, after a pre-purge period of approximately 30 seconds, energizes the igniter. Additionally, the gas valve is energized for this ignition trial period of 15 seconds.
- If a flame is detected, the ignition sensing rod "reads" a rectification signal and the gas valve remains open. The sparking stops when the flame signal is established.
- If no flame is detected, the gas valve closes and a 30 sec inter-purge period begins. After the inter-purge, the module repeats the trial for ignition period. If flame is still not established, a second and final inter-purge followed by a final ignition trial cycle begins. After three trials, the module will lockout for a period of approximately 1 hour or until reset. (Reset is accomplished by removing power from the module for at least 5 seconds.) After this 1-hour period, the module re-attempts the full ignition sequence.
- When using a 24V thermostat and the heat requirement has been met and the thermostat opens, the burner shuts off but the fan continues to run for approximately 30 seconds. This is referred to as a post purge. This allows the products of combustion to be removed from the heat exchanger to avoid nuisance condensation and increase heat exchanger life.
- When using a line voltage thermostat and the heat requirement has been met and the thermostat opens, the burner and fan shut off with no post purge.

Maintenance

For best performance, the certain minimal maintenance procedures should be performed before each heating season:

- Before performing any services or maintenance, shut off gas and electrical supply to heater.
- Check condition of forced air blower scroll and motor. Dirt and dust may be blown or vacuumed from the blower.
- Check condition of burner. Remove any foreign objects or debris from inside the burner box or burner cup.
- Inspect the igniter. Replace igniter if there is excessive wear or erosion, breakage or other defects.
- Be sure the burner observation window is clean and free of cracks or holes. Clean or replace as necessary.
- Check the flue pipe for soot or dirt and reattach to the heater after cleaning as necessary.
- The reflector sections may be cleaned by wiping with a damp cloth.
- A service agency qualified to adjust and repair infrared heaters should be engaged for service other than routine maintenance.
- Be sure vent terminal and fresh air inlet are free from obstructions. If either pipe is restricted, the safety air switch will not operate properly, and the heater could fail to operate.
- Check the inside of the heat exchanger tube visually with a flashlight. If carbon or scale are present, scrape or otherwise remove deposits (a wire brush works well)

Installation Checklist

1. Did you install the first hanger no more than 8 inches from the burner and tighten with the “J” bolt? (“J” bolt only required for the first hanger).
2. Is the weld seam facing down?
3. Is the tube system levelled?
4. Did you mount the tube couplings with the band clamp lock bolts oriented at the 10 o'clock or 2 o'clock position?
5. Did you robustly tighten the band clamps on the tube couplings? Recommended method is to alternate back and forth between two band clamps to ensure even torque on tube couplings.
6. Did you alternately overlap reflectors up and down as shown in the manual? Minimum overlap is 4 inches.
7. Did you close all “S” hooks or Quick links?
8. Did you install all of the reflector support brackets supplied as shown in the manual?
e.g. One at each overlap, and one in the middle of each reflector.
9. Did you place the turbulator/flue baffle in the flue end of the heater as mentioned in the manual? Is the baffle tab located at 6 o'clock and bent as mentioned in the manual.
10. Did you install end caps?
11. Did you observe clearance to combustibles for this model according to the manual? This can also be found on the burner box.
12. Is venting in accordance with the National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1 (NFPA 54) in the USA and CSA B149.1 and B149.2 Installation Codes in Canada?
13. Did you install flex duct according to the installation manual if outside combustion air is used?
14. Did you install the gas flex connector as shown in the manual? The legally required method – is to ensure it is arranged as shown to allow for proper expansion and contraction.
15. Did you check gas pressure at inlet of gas valve? Your heater will not perform properly if the pressure is not correct. Please check manual for reference

Attention to detail will result in a professional installation that reflects on all of us.

Please help us keep our customers satisfied which will result in a minimum of nuisance call backs!

Troubleshooting

Blower Motor Fails to Run

- Is the thermostat calling for heat? Is there 115V at the burner receptacle?
- Check blower side door for seal. Repair as necessary.
- Check blower for obstructions. Replace blower if necessary.

No Gas Supply

- Check to see if manual supply valve to heater is open. No manifold pressure indicates valve is closed.
- Gas pressure downstream of gas control can be measured by connecting a manometer to pressure tap on control.
- Supply gas pressure can be checked at 1/8" NPT pressure tap in gas supply system.
- Is combination gas control gas valve or the ignition module is faulty.

Burner Does Not Light

- Is spark visible through site glass during ignition trial? If no, further electrical checks by a qualified service person are required.
- Check to see if gas lines were properly purged of air.
- Check inlet and outlet gas pressure during ignition period.

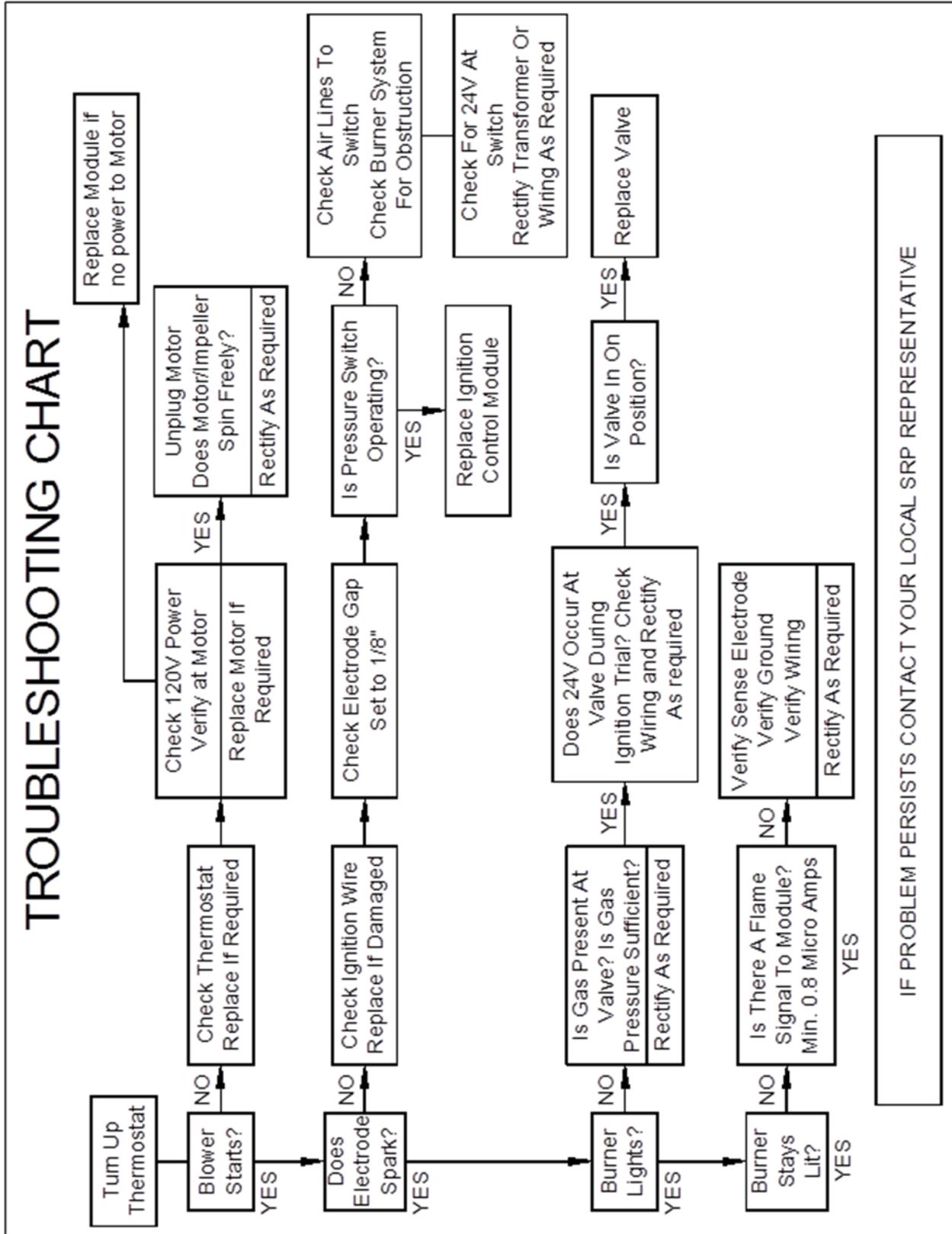
Burner Does Not Stay Lit

- Check ground wire continuity.
- Check insulation on the igniter leads.
- Measure flame signal current; it should be between 2 to 6 micro amps dc. Minimum 0.8 micro amps.
- Clean flame rod if necessary.
- Replace module if necessary.

Module error codes

POTTED [CHANNEL PRODUCTS]
1 FLASH – Air Flow Fault
2 FLASH – Flame Sensor Issue
3 FLASH – Ignition Lockout After 3 Tries
4 FLASH – Gas Valve Not Connected

Troubleshooting Chart

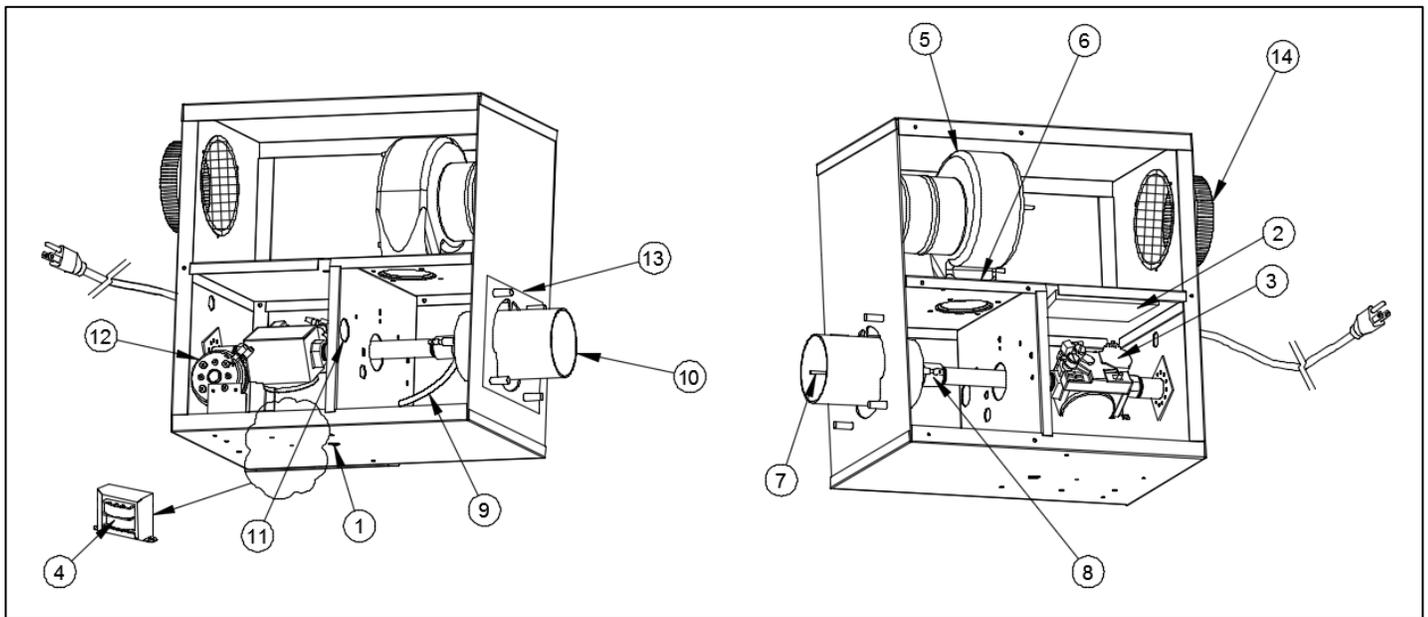


IF PROBLEM PERSISTS CONTACT YOUR LOCAL SRP REPRESENTATIVE

Replacement Parts

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
1	CE057	INDICATOR LIGHT
2	CE201	IGNITION MODULE
3	CG142	HONEYWELL VALVE TRAIN KIT - NAT.
	CG143	HONEYWELL VALVE TRAIN KIT - LP.
4	CE058	TRANSFORMER
5	CE004	BLOWER MOTOR - 40,000 TO 150,000 BTU
	CE013	BLOWER MOTOR - 205,000 TO 220,000 BTU
6	CH007	BLOWER GASKET
7	CE003	FLAME SENSOR ELECTRODE
8	CE002	SPARK ELECTRODE

ITEM	PART #	DESCRIPTION
9	CE006	IGNITION WIRE
10	UG001P	BURNER CUP
	UG007	BURNER CUP ASSEMBLY (C/W ELECTRODES)
11	CH011	SIGHT GLASS ASSEMBLY
12	CE020	AIR SWITCH - MODELS - 40,000 & 60,000 BTU
	CE021	AIR SWITCH - MODELS - 80,000 & 100,000 BTU
	CE024	AIR SWITCH - MODELS - 125 & 150 & 205,000BTU
	CE022	AIR SWITCH - MODELS - 175,000BTU
	CE023	AIR SWITCH - MODELS - 220,000BTU
13	CH001	BURNER GASKET
14	VS022	AIR INLET KIT



Warranty

SERIES AUX AGRICULTURAL INFRARED HEATERS

WARRANTY

The manufacturer warrants to the original owner that the product will be free of defects in material and workmanship as described below.

Series	Component	Warranty Period		
		3 Years	7 Years	10 Years
AUX	Burner & Controls	x		
	Aluminized Heat Exchanger w/o Post Purge		X	
	Aluminized Heat Exchanger with Post Purge			X

The Manufacturer's obligation under this warranty is limited to repair or replacement, F.O.B. its facility, of the defective part. In the case of replacement parts, the warranty period shall be the longer of the original warranty or a period of 12 months from the date of purchase. In no event shall the Manufacturer be liable for incidental expense or consequential damages of any kind.

This warranty does not cover any shipping, installation or other costs incurred in the repair or replacement of the product. No materials will be accepted for return without authorization.

This warranty will not apply if in the judgment of the Manufacturer, the equipment has been improperly installed, unreasonably used, damaged or modified.

This warranty will not apply to damage to the product when used in corrosive atmospheres and in particular atmospheres containing halogenated hydrocarbons. No person is authorized to assume for the Manufacturer any other warranty, obligation or liability.

THE REMEDIES PROVIDED FOR IN THE ABOVE EXPRESS WARRANTIES ARE THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES. NO OTHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES ARE MADE INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR PURPOSE.