Why Bait Rodent Burrows?

- Because it’s often the best way to control Norway rats, which are natural burrowers
- To minimize exposure to people, pets and non-target animals
- To maximize control of rodents by baiting the areas where they live
- To allow for management of the burrow system long-term with accurate follow-up and monitoring
- Burrow baiting is an integral part of a successful Rodent Control Program

Steps for Successful Burrow Baiting

- Place loose pellet bait down active burrows with a long handled spoon. See label instructions for placement.
- Wait no longer than a week, then kick to close in the burrows.
- Check the burrows the next day to see if burrows are reopened. If necessary continue the baiting & closing process until all activity ceases.
- Continue monitoring monthly to ensure no additional rats move in.
- Utilize Motomco’s Bait Rotation Program for maximum results.

Create a 3 ft. “Sterile Zone” by removing all equipment, debris, trees, shrubs, and tall grass from around the building.

Tips from the Pros

- Use only loose bulk pellets or meal for burrow baiting. Rats are neophobic and will likely push chunx or place-pacs out of burrows where pets and children may find them.
- For large infestations with extensive burrow systems, plow under all burrow openings to determine which ones are active before baiting.
- For a long-term, integrated approach to rodent control, it is best to place rat bait stations every 15 to 30 feet around the exterior perimeter of the building and monitor regularly.
Baiting at Clean Out

- Clean Out is an ideal time to bait for rodents because all animals are out of the facility.
- Knockdown infestations while areas are in transition.
- Meal Bait can be placed in egg flats or feed pans and then placed every 15-30 ft for rats.
- Clean up any spilled feed, manure or unused bait before re-introducing animals to an area.
- Keep good records and replenish bait daily until activity slows down or ceases.

Recommended Products for Clean Out & Burrow Baiting

- Meal Bait and Pellets can be incorporated into an annual Bait Rotation Program.

31125 - 25lb. Pail & 31111 - 50lb. Pail
Active: Bromadiolone (anticoagulant)

22925 - 12lb. Pail
Active: Bromethalin (acute)

31155 - 12lb. Pail Loose Pellets
Active: Bromadiolone (anticoagulant)

22112 - 12lb. Pail Loose Pellets
Active: Bromethalin (acute)

31402 - 12lb. Pail Loose Pellets
Active: Brodifacoum (anticoagulant)