PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The Ranco ETC is a microprocessor-based electronic temperature control designed to provide on/off control for commercial heating, ventilating, air conditioning, and refrigeration. The ETC is equipped with a liquid crystal display (LCD) that provides a constant readout of the sensed temperature, and a touch keypad that allows the user to easily and accurately select the setpoint temperature, differential and heating/cooling mode of operation.

The ETC NEMA Type 4X control can accept either 120 or 208/240 VAC input power.

APPLICATIONS

All ETC NEMA Type 4X controls have enclosures rated watertight for outdoor use. With its wide temperature setpoint range and selectable heating and cooling modes, the ETC can be used for a wide variety of applications including bulk milk coolers, refrigerated storage, cooling towers, unit heaters, ventilation fan cycling and trace heating. In addition, the ETC NEMA Type 4X control is designed to meet the requirements of Article 547 of the National Electric Code for use in agricultural buildings such as poultry houses and livestock barns.

FEATURES

• Wide setpoint temperature range (-30°F to 220°F) and differential adjustment (1°F to 30°F)
• Simple keypad programming of setpoint temperature, differential and cooling/heating modes.
• LCD readout of sensor temperature, control settings, relay status and onboard diagnostics.
• Remote temperature sensing up to 400 feet.
• SPDT output relay.
• User selectable Fahrenheit/Celsius scales.
• Lockout switch to prevent tampering by unauthorized personnel.
• NEMA Type 4X enclosure rated watertight for outdoor applications.
• Designed to meet Article 547 of the National Electrical Code for use in agricultural buildings.

SPECIFICATIONS

- Input Voltage: 120 or 208/240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
- Temperature Range: -30°F to 220°F
- Differential Range: 1°F to 30°F
- Switch Action: SPDT
- Sensor: Thermistor, 1.94 in. long x 0.25 in. diameter with 25 ft. cable
- Power Consumption: 120/208/240 VAC: 100 milliamps
  24 VAC: 2-6 VAC

ETC ORDERING INFORMATION

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Code Number</th>
<th>Input Voltage</th>
<th>No. of Stages</th>
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<td>ETC-141000-000</td>
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OPERATION

Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
The LCD display provides a constant readout of the sensor temperature and indicates if the output relay is energized. When the S1 annunciator is constantly illuminated during operation, the relay is energized. The display is also used in conjunction with the keypad to allow the user to adjust the setpoint temperature, differential and heating/cooling modes.

Control Setup

The temperature setpoint refers to the temperature at which the normally open (NO) contacts of the output relay will open. Determine the load(s) to be controlled and the operating mode required, cooling or heating. Refer to Figure 1 for a visual representation.

• When the cooling mode is chosen, the differential is above the setpoint. The relay will de-energize as the temperature falls to the setpoint.
• When the heating mode is chosen, the differential is below the setpoint. The relay will de-energize as the temperature rises to the setpoint.
The ETC can be programmed in four simple steps using the LCD display and the three keys on the face of the control.

Step 1: To start programming, press the SET key once to access the Fahrenheit/Celsius mode. The display will show the current status, either F for degrees Fahrenheit or C for degrees Celsius. Then press either the up \( \uparrow \) or the down \( \downarrow \) arrow key to toggle between the F or C designation.

Step 2: Press the SET key again to access the setpoint. The LCD will display the current setpoint and the S1 annunciator will be blinking on and off to indicate that the control is in the setpoint mode. Then press either the up \( \uparrow \) key to increase or the down \( \downarrow \) key to decrease the setpoint to the desired temperature.

Step 3: Press the SET key again to access the differential. The LCD will display the current differential and the DIF 1 annunciator will be blinking on and off to indicate that the control is in the differential mode. Then press either the up \( \uparrow \) key to increase or the down \( \downarrow \) key to decrease the differential to the desired setting.

Step 4: Press the SET key again to access the cooling or heating mode. The LCD will display the current mode, either C1 for cooling or H1 for heating. Then press either the up \( \uparrow \) or down \( \downarrow \) key to toggle between the C1 or H1 designation. Press the SET key once more and programming is complete.

All control settings are retained in non-volatile memory if power to ETC is interrupted for any reason. Re-programming is not necessary after power outages or disconnects unless different control settings are required.

**Lockout Switch**

The ETC is provided with a lockout switch to prevent tampering by unauthorized personnel. When placed in the LOCK position, the keypad is disabled and no changes to the settings can be made. When placed in the UNLOCK position, the keypad will function normally.

To access the lockout switch, disconnect the power supply and open the control. The switch is located on the inside cover about 2 inches above the bottom. (See Figure 2.) To disable the keypad, slide the switch to the left LOCK position. To enable the keypad, slide the switch to the right UNLOCK position. All ETC controls are shipped with this switch in the UNLOCK position.

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**TROUBLE SHOOTING ERROR MESSAGES**

**Display Messages**

**E1** - Appears when either the up \( \uparrow \) or down \( \downarrow \) key is pressed when not in the programming mode.

To Correct: If the E1 message appears even when no keys are being pressed, replace the control.

**E2** - Appears if the control settings are not properly stored in memory.

To Correct: Check all settings and correct if necessary.

**EP** - Appears when the probe is open, shorted or sensing a temperature that is out of range.

To Correct: Check to see if the sensed temperature is out of range. If not, check for probe damage by comparing it to a known ambient temperature between -30°F and 220°F. Replace the probe if necessary.

**EE** - Appears if the EEPROM data has been corrupted.

To Correct: This condition cannot be field repaired. Replace the control.

**CL** - Appears if calibration mode has been entered.

To Correct: Remove power to the control for at least five seconds. Reapply power. If the CL message still appears, replace the control.

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**NOTE:** The ETC will automatically end programming if no keys are depressed for a period of thirty seconds. Any settings that have been input to the control will be accepted at that point.
INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

IMPORTANT

1. All ETC series controls are designed as operating controls only. If an operating control failure could result in personal injury or loss of property, a separate safety control and/or alarm should be installed.

2. The schematic drawings and other information included in these installation instructions are for the purpose of illustration and general reference only.

3. These instructions do not expand, reduce, modify or alter the Invensys Controls Terms in any way; and no warranty or remedy in favor of the customer or any other person arises out of these instructions.

4. Ranco ETC controls have been approved by Underwriter’s Laboratories as UL Listed; however, approval does not extend to their use for any other purpose. Invensys Controls assumes no responsibility for any unconventional application of its control unless such application has been approved in writing by Invensys Controls.

5. It is the responsibility of the installer and the user to assure that his or its application and use of all Invensys Controls products are in compliance with all federal, state and local requirements, including, without any limitation, all requirements imposed under the National Electric Code and any applicable building codes.

CAUTION

To prevent possible electrical shock or equipment damage, disconnect electrical power to the unit before and during installation. **DO NOT** restore electrical power to the unit until the control is properly installed and the cover is assembled. **DO NOT** locate the control in an explosive atmosphere as a safety hazard can result due to possible spark generation in the control. Use the control in such environments may result in injury or damage to the persons or property (or both) and are likely to shorten control life; **Invensys Controls assumes no responsibility for any such use.**

CONTROL MOUNTING

Mount the ETC to a wall or any flat surface using a combination of any two or more of the slots located on the back case flanges. The control’s components are not position sensitive, but should be mounted so that they can be easily wired and adjusted.

Avoid excessive conditions of moisture, dirt, dust and corrosive atmosphere during installation.

The ETC NEMA Type 4X control has provisions for a 1/2 inch conduit connection. The conduit hub should be secured to the conduit before securing the hub to the plastic housing of the control. Caution should be exercised not to damage the control circuit board or wiring when installing a conduit connector.

Installation of ETC NEMA Type 4X controls must conform to requirements of the National Electrical Code and Canadian Standards Association. Conduit fittings must be listed by Underwriters Laboratories and Canadian Standards Association as “Liquid-Tight” when installed to the manufacturer’s specifications.

CONTROL WIRING

General

- All wiring should conform to the National Electric Code and local regulations.
- The total electrical load must not exceed the maximum rating of the control (see Specifications).
- Use copper conductors only.
- Electrical leads should not be taut; allow slack for temperature change and vibration.

Input and Output Wiring

For typical wiring diagrams, refer to Figures 4 and 5. All connections are made to the power (lower) circuit board.

Sensor Wiring

The temperature sensor leads are soldered to the circuit board so no additional connections are necessary. However, watertight splicing is required when extending the sensor cable length beyond the standard 25 foot length supplied with the ETC. The sensor cable can be extended up to 400 feet. A clip is included for mounting the sensor bulb.

The ETC sensor should not be immersed directly in water or any other fluid. For immersion applications, the sensor should be placed in a thermowell. For best results, use thermal grease in the well to assure faster response to the sensed fluid temperature.

A damaged sensor can be replaced by splicing a new Invensys Control sensor onto the sensor leads from the circuit board. The sensor is not polarity sensitive.
Figure 4: Typical 120 VAC Wiring Diagram.

Figure 5: Typical 240 VAC Wiring Diagram.
SENSOR MONITORING

For space sensing, mount the sensor where it will be unaffected by heat/cool discharge or radiated heat sources. Spot sensing requires the sensor to be in good contact with the surface being sensed. The sensor can be inserted in a bulb well for immersion sensing.

EXTENDING SENSOR

CAUTION: Sensor wiring splices may be made external from the control. DO NOT attempt to unsolder the sensor at the control circuit board!

CAUTION: Disconnect power to control before wiring to avoid possible electrical shock or damage to the controller.

Additional cable can be spliced to the sensor cable to increase the length beyond the standard 25 feet. It can be extended up to 400 feet. The cable should be at least 22 AWG or larger to keep additional resistance to a minimum.

All splices and wire lengths added to the sensor cable should be made according to acceptable wiring practices and should conform to the National Electrical Code and local regulations. Use copper conductors only. Shielded cable is not required.

Checkout Procedure

1. Before applying power, make sure installation and wiring connections are correct.
2. Apply power to the control and observe one or more cycles of operation.
3. If performance indicates a problem, check sensor resistance to determine if sensor or control is at fault.
4. To check sensor resistance, disconnect sensor and measure the resistance across the leads while measuring temperature at the sensor.

SENSOR SPECIFICATIONS

The sensor resistance decreases with temperature increase. It is .25 x 1.94 long with 25 feet #22 AWG cable. The thermistor has a reference resistance of 30,000 ohms at 77°F (25°C).

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Figure 6: Schematic drawing of sensor wiring

Figure 7: Resistance vs Temperature

IMPORTANT

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